THE DAILY CHRONICLE.

VOL. II.—No. 270. PHILADELPHIA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1829.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, PUBLISHER, No. 112 CHESNUT STREET, OPPOSITE TO THE POST-OFFICE.—TERMS $6 PER ANNUM, PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

Union Transportation Line,
VIA CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL.

Sloops Union, ... Collins.
[illegible] ..... Roberts.
[illegible] ..... Gale.
Baldwin, ... Lewis.
Lafayette, ... Peterson.
Friendship, ... Levis.

THE Proprietors of the UNION LINE, in addition to forwarding goods by steamboats, via New Castle and Frenchtown, are prepared to forward goods by the Delaware and Chesapeake Canal daily, [illegible]. One of the above sloops will sail every day. Goods sent to the office, Chesnut street wharf, will have immediate despatch, and at the lowest [illegible].

WM. J. WATSON, Agent.

nov. 9—tf

CITIZENS' CANAL LINE OF PACKETS FOR BALTIMORE.

By the Way of the Canal.

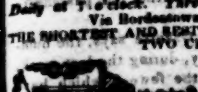
The sloop Southwark, Capt. Cullen, is now loading at Pool's Wharf, and will sail on Thursday, at 2 o'clock.

N. DAVIDSON, Agent, No. 3 Arch street.

nov. 10—tf

Fare reduced to $1 50, at 7 o'clock, A. M.
No opposition on this route by Coaches.

CITIZENS' LINE FOR NEW YORK,
Daily at 7 o'clock. Through in about 9½ hours,
Via Bordentown and Amboy.
THE SHORTEST AND BEST ROUTE BETWEEN THE TWO CITIES.



The splendid steam boat PHILADELPHIA, Capt. E. W. KELLUM, leaves Arch Street Wharf every day, (Sundays excepted,) at 7 o'clock, A. M. for Bordentown. Passengers arrive in New York early the same afternoon, by the Steam Boat NEW YORK, Captain G. Jenkins. Fare through only $1 50. All baggage at the risk of its owners.

N. B. For seats, apply at the Steamboat Office, No. 8 Arch street, or of the Captain, on board the Boat, at Arch street wharf.

oct. 23—tf

FARE REDUCED TO $4.

U. S. MAIL COACH for New-York,

THROUGH in twelve Hours—The United States' Mail Coach, with a Guard, leaves the Office, No 28 South Third street, daily, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M. via Frankford, Bristol, Trenton, Princeton, Kingston, New Brunswick, Bridge Town, Elizabeth Town, Newark, and Jersey City.

The Public are respectfully informed, that from the experience the proprietors have gained, in placing on able Horses, good Coaches, and careful Drivers, that this Line, for safety and speedy conveyance, is not surpassed by any in the Union. Small parcels, Boxes, and Packages of every description, will be taken under the care of the Guard, and promptly delivered at their places of destination.

For seats, apply at our office, No. 28 South Third street, opposite Congress Hall, late Judd's Hotel. All baggage at the owner's risk.

GEORGE CARTER, Agent for J. Reeside & Co. Proprietors.

Private carriages, or Extra Coaches, furnished to any part of the United States.

sept. 25—tf

Citizens' Canal Line for Baltimore.

THE elegant steamboat WM. PENN, Capt. Jeffries, departs for Baltimore every morning, Sundays excepted, at half past 6 o'clock, from Arch Street Wharf.

The speed of the William Penn will enable persons desirous of viewing the Canal, to reach the West end and return to the city the same day.

N. DAVIDSON, Agent, Pool's wharf.

oct. 20—tf

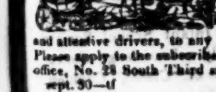
DAILY TO BALTIMORE.
THROUGH BEFORE DARK.
Averaging two hours the most expeditious route between the two cities.

The UNION LINE Steam Boat NEWCASTLE, Capt. M. C. JENKINS, leaves Chesnut Street Wharf daily, except Sunday, at 7 o'clock, and Passengers arrive at Baltimore, uniformly before dark, the same afternoon, by the splendid new Steam Boat INDEPENDENCE, Capt. ROBINSON.

Baggage at the risk of the owner.

sept. 28—tf

TRAVELLERS



Leaving this city with their families or parties, can be accommodated with extra Post Coaches, first rate teams, and careful, sober and attentive drivers, to any part of the United States. Please apply to the subscriber, at the U. S. Mail Coach office, No. 28 South Third street.

sept. 30—tf

JAMES REESIDE.

Joseph White's Cabinet Wareroom,
NO. 91 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
Next to the North East corner of Spruce street.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has constantly on hand a handsome assortment of Sideboards, Bureaus, Wardrobes, Mahogany Card and Dining Tables, Plain and Carved Bedsteads, Wash Stands, &c. which he will sell on reasonable terms.

☞ All orders executed on the shortest notice. Before purchasing elsewhere, J. W. requests purchasers to call and examine his articles.

oct. 20—1y

GEORGE COOPER,
COAL GRATE AND FENDER STORE,
No. 14 North Sixth street.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has commenced business in the above line, and intends to keep on hand a variety of articles in the above line, at moderate prices.

N. B. Sheet Iron Coal Stoves.

oct. 12—3m*

WILLIAM RICHARDSON,

UMBRELLA MANUFACTURER, No. 6 South Third street, West side, offers for sale, at the *lowest prices*, wholesale and retail, a large and complete assortment of UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS, of the most approved fashions, comprising every variety of colour and finish; among which are, *VERY LIGHT SUPERIOR UMBRELLAS, WITH BAMBOO, OR EAST INDIA HANDLES*, handsome finish.

Also, *SUPER PARASOLS, WITH ELEGANT CARVED HANDLES* and extra plated mountings, warranted to retain the colour, and wear equal to silver.

All goods retailed, kept in repair one year, free of charge. Brown and other coloured silk, for sale.

Also, ivory in lots to suit purchasers. june 25—eotf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS WILLIAM BOCKIUS, of the County of Philadelphia, Grocer, did, on the 27th day of October, [illegible] an assignment of all his estate, real, personal, and mixed, unto the Subscribers, in trust, amongst other things, for the benefit of such of his Creditors as shall, on or before the first day of December next, at twelve o'clock, at noon, of the said day, execute and deliver to the said William Bockius a full, absolute, and entire release of all and every, their respective claims and demands.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said William Bockius, to make payment; and all persons having claims or demands against him, to present their accounts to [illegible], at their office, No. [illegible] street, where the assignment may be seen, and the [illegible].

WILLIAM E. TATEM, } Assignees.
JESSE BOCKIUS, }

nov. 2—3taw

MERINO SHAWLS.

WM. SAPPINGTON has just received from auction 2 cases Merino and Cashmere Long and Square Shawls, and now offers them for sale, at the South West corner of Ninth and Market streets, cheaper than they can be purchased at any other retail store in this city. The assortment consists of
Super Scarlet Merino Long Shawls.
Do. Black do. do.
Do. White do. do.
Do. Blue Black do. do.
4-4 Black Merino Square Shawls.
6-4 do. do. do.
8-4 do. do. do.
6-4 White do. do. do.
9-4 do. do. do.
8-4 Scarlet do. do.
8-4 Black and Blue Black Cashmere Shawls.
Super Scarlet, Crimson, White, Black and Blue Cashmere Long Shawls.

Together with a general assortment of staple and fancy goods, at reduced prices, wholesale and retail, for cash or acceptances. nov. 11—eotf

Commercial Bank of Pennsylvania.
November 3, 1829.

THE Directors have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock of this institution, for the last six months; which will be paid to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the 13th inst. BENJ. F. SMITH, Cash'r.

nov. 3—d13t

Louisville and Portland Canal Stock.

FIVE $100 shares of the above stock, all paid up, for sale by J. GRIGG,

nov. 9—6t. No. 9 North Fourth street.

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S
BEAVER HATS.

A HANDSOME assortment of Ladies, Misses and Children's Beaver Hats, of the following colours:—Black, Fawn, Blue, White, light and dark Purple and Brown, of the most fashionable shapes. For sale at BULKLEY'S,

149 Chesnut street, opposite the U. S. Bank.

nov. 10—tf

CAPS, STOCKS, COLLARS.

THE above articles, in every variety of quality and price, are offered by the manufacturers at wholesale and retail.

SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO.
12 South Third street.

The Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Jersey storekeepers now in the city, are invited to call and examine the Caps. nov. 10—tf

FOR SALE,

BY THOMAS DESILVER, Jr. Bookseller and Stationer, No. 247 Market Street, a few Season Tickets Chesnut Street Theatre. nov. 10—tf

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE, by THOMAS DESILVER Jr., No. 247 Market street, Rules at Law of the Circuit Court of the United States. june 18—tf

DANIEL S. KELLY,

MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 125 Arch, a few doors east of Fourth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has received, reports of the Fall and Winter fashions, for 1829 and 30, and is prepared to fill all orders entrusted to him with neatness and despatch. nov. 2—tf

A CARD.
MRS. GUBERT

RESPECTFULLY informs her patrons that she has removed to No. 88 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET, where she continues to give lessons, and will attend ladies at their residence for instruction on the GUITAR, and in SINGING. nov. 9—6t*

PATENT NOTES.

PROMISSORY Notes, Bills of Exchange, Checks on all the Philadelphia Banks, Blanks for Lottery Tickets, &c. for sale by THOS. T. ASH,

nov. 9—tf 139 Chesnut street.

J. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 23 CHESNUT STREET,
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

march 14—tf

C. G. CHILDS,

HAS removed to No. 186 CHESNUT STREET, opposite the State House. *ENGRAVING* executed in all its branches. aug. 13—3m

WILSON'S PATENT

SQUARE, and Instructions in the art of cutting garments agreeably to his system, engraving of the report of fashions, accompanied with directions for making up the same, to be had at the Agent's office, No. 20 North Third street. nov. 2—tf

PITTSBURGH GLASS.

FOR SALE, by the Subscribers, in whole and half boxes, a quantity of various sizes, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices, to close a consignment.

aug. 7—tf NORTH & WARRIN.

SCHUYLKILL COAL.

THE subscribers are now prepared to receive orders for Schuylkill Coal of the first quality, which will be delivered without delay. Apply at the office, No. 6 Minor street.

oct. 16—tf J. R. & J. M. BOLTON.

COOPER'S NEW NOVEL.

THE Wept of Wish-ton-Wish, a tale, in 2 vols. 12mo. with a very extensive assortment of all the late new publications, are just received and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, at very low prices. nov. 7—6t

COOPER'S NEW NOVEL.

THE Wept of Wish-ton-Wish, a Tale, in 2 vs. 12mo. by the author of the Spy, Pioneers, &c. for sale by THOS. T. ASH,

nov. 7—tf 139 Chesnut street.

HACKLES.

THE subscribers have just received one case of Peter & John Partridge's HACKLES, consisting of Hemp, Keg, Middle and Fine Clearers.

G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,

aug. 12—tf No. 149 Market street.

GREEN COFFEE.

A SMALL invoice of prime green COFFEE, for sale by HACKER, BROWN & CO.

10mo. 19—tf

COFFEE, RELISHES, &C. &C.

WILL be served up at the PHILADELPHIA CONFECTIONARY, North East Corner of Seventh and Walnut streets, every day during the cold season, from 6 o'clock in the morning, until 10 o'clock in the evening. oct. 7—tf

THE TALISMAN FOR 1830.

JUST received and for sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, THE TALISMAN for 1830, containing Twelve Elegant Engravings.

nov. 10—6t

NEW BOOKS,

FOR sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, 4th and Chesnut streets. The Wept of Wish-ton-Wish, Book of the Boudoir, by Lady Morgan, Rybrent De Cruce, Waldegrave, The New Forest, Collingwood's Correspondence, Memoir of Emmet, Gentleman's Remembrancer, for 1830, Atlantic Souvenir, for 1830, Token, Talisman, Sketches of Naval Life, Stratton Hill, Richelieu, Laconics, Hall's Travels, Devereux, Disowned, Pelham, School of Fashion, &c.

nov. 9—tf

CUSTOM HOUSE BLANKS.

MERCHANTS, importers and others, may select from a complete assortment of Blanks, at a great reduction in price. Those purchasing a quantity may have them at one half the usual charge, by applying immediately at 74 South Second street.

nov. 11—6t

STANZAS.

Weep not o'er the tomb
Of infancy!
Flowers of [illegible] bloom
Must pass away!
Too warm a sunbeam, or too chill a breath,
Oft seals their vernal loveliness in death!

Weep not o'er the sod
Where youth reposed—
Where rain is fast hath trod,—
Among life's roses!
The loveliest things of earth must fade away,
Their brightness vanish, and their bloom decay.

Weep not o'er the mound
Where glory fell—
Where Fame is hovering round
[illegible]
The Hero's hour of pride, like the vain breath,
That wakes the clarion—swells the dirge of death!

Weep not o'er the urn
Where genius sleeps—
Where fragrant censers burn,
And silence keeps
Her [illegible] vigils, he who rests below,
No more the withering blasts of fate shall know.

Weep not o'er the grave
That shrouds the just—
Who to the power that gave,
With pious trust
Their souls resigned—There is a peaceful home,
Where neither pain, nor care, nor sorrow come.

THE WHIRLWIND.

[The following is an extract from a Tale entitled "The Whirlwind," from the Talisman, for 1830. Mr. Herbert is on one of his thousand and one journies—this time to the country beyond the Alleganies, where he falls into the company of an equestrian gentleman, in the garb and character of an itinerant, but intelligent, Baptist Preacher. We commence in the midst of the colloquy.]

"Your friends probably live in that part of the country?" said I, availing myself of that freedom of interrogation of which he had set me the example.

"Friends, if you will," answered he, "I may have there, but relations none. There lives not in all the United States, though they are my native country, a single human being with whom I can claim kindred. God has cut away, by a terrible, but, as I willingly believe, a merciful dispensation, all the ties of an earthly nature that bound me to my fellow creatures; the members of the Church of Christ, and they only, are now my fathers and mothers, and sisters and brothers."

"You allude, I perceive," said I, "to some remarkable event of your life. May I take the liberty of inquiring what it is?"

"Formerly," he replied, "it gave me pain to speak of it; but I have related it often, and it does so no longer; and, moreover, I am convinced that it is sinful on my part to wish to conceal the dealings of God's providence with me, from those who are willing to hear what they have been.

"You must know, then, that my father was a native of the Island of Nantucket, and the only son of an emigrant from St. Johns, on the coast of Newfoundland. My mother was from Wales. She was but a child when her father took passage for this country, with her and two brothers older than herself. The vessel in which they came, was wrecked off Cape Cod, and all on board perished, except my mother and four of the crew, who were picked up by the fishermen of Hyannis. She was received into one of the most wealthy families on the Cape, and was brought up by the good people as if she had been one of their own children.

"My father had been a seafaring man in early life, and had risen to the command of a merchant vessel. At the age of thirty-five he became acquainted with my mother, who was some fifteen years younger than himself, and made her proposals of marriage, which she would accept only on condition that he should quit the sea, which had been the grave of her family. He made the promise she required; they were married, and removed to the interior, where my father bought a farm, and settled as an agriculturist.

"Our residence was on the highlands, west of Connecticut River. There was a little decayed old dwelling on the farm when my father came to live there; he caused it to be pulled down, and had a neat white cottage built upon the spot. In this cottage was I born, and here I passed the earliest years of my life, and, speaking with respect to temporal comforts and enjoyments, the happiest. It was a lovely spot, lovely then, but now no longer so—it is bare and desolate—the besom of destruction has swept it—the winds, God's ministers, were sent against it, to raze its walls, and root up its shades, and slay its inmates.

"I sometimes think that the distinctness with which that abode of my youth and its dear inhabitants rise before my imagination, is a device of the enemy to tempt me, and to shake my resignation to the decrees of the Almighty. A young orchard sheltered the cottage on the north-west, and back of the orchard rose a wooded hill. On the south side of the house was our garden, which bordered on a clear prattling brook. To the east were rich meadows and fields of grain, and pastures where I gathered strawberries and looked for bird's nests, all sloping away gently for a considerable distance, after which they sunk down out of sight into the deep glen of a river, whose shallow murmurs were often heard by us as we sat under the wild cherry trees before our door. To the east of the river spread a wide tract of country, in full sight from our windows—farm houses painted red and white, with their orchards, and cornfields, and woodlands, steeples of distant churches, and a blue horizon of woods bounding the scene.

"Time went by pleasantly until my tenth year. Childhood is the only season of life in which happy years do not pass away swiftly.—They glide softly, but they do not fly, and they seem as long as they are full of enjoyment. I had an elder sister, Jane, just arrived at seventeen; a tall, straight, blooming girl, who had been my instructress in all childish pastimes, and procured for me my childish pleasures. She taught me where to find the earliest blossoms, and the sweetest berries, and showed me where the beech shed its nuts thickest when it felt the October frosts, and led me beside wild streams in the woods, and read godly books with me, and taught me to sing godly hymns on Sundays, under the trees of our orchard. There were two brothers, twins, five years younger than myself, to whom I now performed the same office; and beautiful creatures they were, if I can trust my memory, as ever were sent into the world to be recalled in the bud of life; fair, sound-faced, ruddy, good humored, full of a perpetual flow of spirits, and in look, gesture, and disposition, the exact copies of each other. And as they were alike in birth and mind, and outward semblance, so they were alike in their lives, and in their deaths not divided. I was their constant companion, and sometimes our sister, who had now grown to maturity, would leave her sedate occupations and join our sports.

"My mother was of a delicate frame, and a quiet and somewhat sad turn of mind. The calamity by which her family had perished, made a deep impression upon her, and disposed her heart to religious affections. Her eyes would sometimes fill with tears, as she looked at us in the midst of our pastimes, and she would often mildly check our boisterous mirth. She was our catechist, she made us read the Bible, and taught us our little hymns and prayers.

"My father, on the other hand, was a [illegible], but he was what the world calls a good moral man, and much respected by his neighbors. He was of an even, quiet temper, never greatly [illegible] by good, [illegible] greatly depressed by bad fortune. I do not recollect ever seeing him apparently better pleased than when his children were noisy in their play, when he would sit looking at us with great complacency, and tell our mother how much he was like us at our age. He was what is called a silent man; he said but little, and indulgent as he was, that little was a law to us. The neighborhood also treated him with great deference; his opinion was consulted in all difficult cases; he was made town clerk, and then sent a representative to the General Court; and, finally, received a commission of the peace.

"My father, as I have already told you, was originally a seafaring man; and his profession had made him familiar with all the appearances of the heavens. To his knowledge of this kind, acquired on the ocean and the coast of the Atlantic, he now added that gained by a daily observation of the aspect of the heavens in the interior, until he became celebrated in these parts for his skill in discerning the face of the sky.—He was looked upon as a sort of oracle on the subject of the weather; and his predictions were reverenced even more than those of the almanack. It was not always that an opinion could be extracted from him, but when obtained, it never failed of being verified. His hay never got wet while lying green on the ground; nor do I believe that he was ever overtaken by a shower in any of his excursions from home. He would pass whole hours in gazing at the sky, and watching the course of the clouds. An observation of the weather was his first business in the morning, and his last at night; and if the usual placidity of his temper was ever on any occasion disturbed, it was only when the weather was more capricious than ordinary, when it refused to conform to fixed rules, and failed to fulfil the promise it held forth. In this I think he was wrong, as questioning the providence of God, exerted in the great sources of nature, but who is without his errors?

"The country in which we lived was high and hilly. The streams by which it was watered, flowed in deep, narrow glens, unpleasant from their chilliness, shade, and mists at morning and evening; and the farms and dwellings lay on the broad, elevated country between them. Thus an ample sweep was afforded for the winds, which blew over the country with as little obstruction as on the [illegible] ocean.—The snow was often piled in the winter to the roofs of the houses, and you might see orchards in which every tree leaned to the southeast, bent and made to grow in that position by the strong and continued gales.

"In the last year of my residence in this pleasant abode, we had, about the setting in of summer, several weeks of uncommon heat and drought. God sealed up the fountains of the firmament, and made the heavens over our heads brass, and the earth under our feet ashes. Clouds floated over the fiery sky, and brought no rain; the atmosphere was filled with a dull, dry haze, as if the finer dust of the ground had risen and mingled with it. Out of this haze the sun emerged at morning, and again dipped into it at evening, hiding his face long before he reached the horizon. The grass of the field ceased to grow, and became thin, and white, and dry, before it ripened, and bleated mournfully whenever a breath of air passed over it. The birds chirped feebly in the trees; the cattle lowed faintly in the meadows, and gathered about the moisture spots of soil. All this while the winds scarcely blew, or but softly, nor with strength enough to detach from the cherry trees before our door the loose leaves that put on the yellowness of September, and dropped of their own accord, one by one, spinning round as they descended to the earth. I had never known my father so uneasy and fidgetty as at that period. He would stand for hours considering the aspect of the heavens, and even after the twilight was down, he was out by the door, gazing at that hazy canopy through which the stars dimly trembled.—My mother, in the mean time, called her children about her, and taught us a prayer for rain.

"At length came a day of more perfect calm and stillness than we had experienced, even in that season of calms. The leaves on the trees were so motionless, that you might almost have fancied them wrought of metal, to mock the growth of the vegetable world. I remember feeling uneasy at the depth and continuance of that silence, broken only by the gurgle of the brook at the bottom of our garden, where a slender thread of heated water still crept along, the sound of which fell on my ear with a painful distinctness. There was no cloud, not a speck, nothing but that thick whitish haze, to be seen in all the sky. My father went often during the day and stood anxiously looking at the atmosphere, while I silently crept near him with my two little brothers. There was something in his manner that made us afraid, though of what we knew not. My mother, too, appeared sadder than usual. Once, when my father returned into the house, he told her that this was just such weather as had preceded the waterspout that overwhelmed the fishing-boat off the coast of Cape Cod, thirty years before, and drowned all on board.

"I fear greatly," said he, "that some mischief is brewing for us or our neighbors; but I hope, at least, that it will steer clear of all our houses."

"The night at length arrived, and no evil had as yet come nigh us or our dwellings. My mother saw us all in our beds, and made us say our prayers, and bade us good night, in that mild, affectionate voice, which I shall never forget; but, for my part, I could not sleep, agitated as I was with the vague and awful apprehensions with which my father's looks and words, and the strange appearances of nature had filled my mind, and which were struggling to clothe themselves with images. Sleep at length fell upon me, a deep sleep, and with it brought the visions of the night. I imagined that the profound silence was suddenly broken with strange and terrible crashings, and masses of earth and portions of sky were mingling and whirling and rolling over each other. I awoke with my limbs bathed in sweat, and it was long before my fear would suffer me to move them. When the usual current of my sensations was restored, I was comforted to find myself still in my own familiar couch, though in the midst of utter darkness, and that awful lifeless silence, so deep that I could hear the clicking of my father's watch in the next room.

"The sun rose as usual the next day, and the same calm and silence continued. My own apprehensions had passed away with the night, though I observed my father watching the cloudless hazy skies with the same air of anxiety. About twelve o'clock I was in the orchard back of our cottage, amusing myself with gathering the largest of the unripe apples which the drought had caused to drop in great numbers from the trees, intending to carry them to my two little brothers to play with. My father had left his occupation in the field on account of the heat, and was then in the house. Suddenly I heard a crackling sound in the south west, and a mighty flame running among [illegible], and [illegible] by a roaring wind. Looking toward the quarter, I beheld a great dark cloud, [illegible], and advancing swiftly [illegible], and under it the wood agitated with a violent motion, the treetops waving and tossing, the trunks bending to and fro, bending low and then erecting themselves suddenly, as if wrestling with a fierce power. Birds were flying in all directions from the scene of the commotion, and cattle running affrighted from the woods in which they had sought shelter from the noonday heat. Then I saw broken branches and green leaves from the treetops, and withered ones from the ground, and dust from the dry earth, lifted together into the air in a vast column, and whirled rapidly round, and heard the crash of falling trees, and the snapping of the shivered trunks, as if the Prince of the Power of the Air, having received permission, had fallen in great wrath upon the forest to destroy it. Before that advancing whirlwind the trees bowed to the ground, and the next moment were raised again by the power of the gale, and drawn into the vortex, and twisted off by the roots, and whirled with all their branches into the air, and tossed to the one side and the other, upon the summits of the surrounding wood. It was but for a moment, a brief moment of astonishment and terror, that I stood gazing on this spectacle. I turned and made for the house with my utmost speed, and, as I ran, I heard the roar of the whirlwind behind me, and was sensible of a sudden shade passing over the heavens. When I arrived at the house, and opened the door, I saw my father, who had been engaged in reading, just rising from his seat and going towards the window, with the book in his hand, to learn the cause of the tumult without. That book was the Bible—and the recollection of this single circumstance forms a ground of consolation and hope, in the contemplation of his sudden and unforewarned death which I would not be deprived of for worlds.

"He gave a single look—the book dropped from his hand, and, before I had time to utter a word, he called out in a ringing voice—'Run—run for your lives—leave the house this instant—the whirlwind is upon us.'

"As he spoke, the sound of the gust was heard howling about the dwelling, and the timbers cracked and groaned in the mighty blast. My mother had hastily gathered the children, and was pressing before her to get out at the door, [illegible] several [illegible] torn up [illegible] and borne off by the wind. The walls and partitions of the house swayed to and fro like a curtain.—My father was a man of great bodily strength, of the middle height, but brawny and muscular beyond most persons I have known. When I last saw him, he had put his strong arm against the wall that threatened to overwhelm us, and was bracing himself against it to give us an opportunity to escape. I saw also my mother, who had taken the two youngest children by the hand, her hair streaming upwards in disorder, making for the door. Myself, I know not how, without the house, and scarcely was I there, when a rush of air seemed to draw my breath from my very lungs, and I was lifted from the ground amidst a whirl of dust, and broken branches and shingles and boards from the building. How high I was carried I know not, for I saw only the confusion around me, but shortly afterwards I felt myself softly deposited among boughs and leaves.

"I must have swooned after I descended, for I recollect slowly recovering my consciousness, and finding my garments wet and heavy, and the rain beating upon me. I lay among the thick foliage of a maple that had been thrown over by the whirlwind. A man whose voice and mien were familiar to me, and whom, as my senses gradually returned, I recognised for one of my neighbors, came and took me off, and placed me beside him on the ground. Around me the earth was strewn with splintered branches of trees, rails and boards, and looking westward to the hill, I beheld where fences had been swept away, and stone walls scattered, and a wide path had been broken through the wood, along which masses of fresh earth appeared among the heaps of prostrate trees, and tall, shivered trunks stood overlooking their uprooted fellows. At a little distance from me, was a heap of bricks and rubbish, and on my enquiring what it could be, I was told that it was the ruins of my father's house. Then flashed upon my mind the recollection of that moment of confusion, haste, and affright, which passed before I left it, and in a transport of anxiety, amounting almost to agony, I ran to the spot. I found the neighbors already gathered about it, and busy in removing the rubbish, in order to ascertain if any of the family were buried beneath; and weeping all the while, I assisted them as far as my childish strength would allow, notwithstanding the good-natured attempts that were made to prevent me. Let me hasten over what followed. I said in the beginning that I could relate my story without any painful emotions, but I was mistaken, for when I come to this part of it I am always sick at heart. They were found—crushed to death by the fall of the chimney and the beams of the building; my father—my dear mother, and the two lovely children still in her arms. But where was my sister—had she been so fortunate as to escape? Even this hope was torn from me, for she was soon found where the whirlwind had cast her, in the edge of the brook now swollen by rains, the water rippling against her cheek white as snow, and her dishevelled hair floating in the current.

"There are no expressions that can describe the bitterness of my grief. The bodies were carried to a neighboring house—I followed them, I remained with them all night, I refused to be comforted, but with the feverish hope, which sometimes crossed my mind, that the dead were in a state of insensibility from which they would awaken. I slept not, I ate not, till they were buried. I struggled madly and with moanings of agony against those who came to put them into the coffins.—They were carried to the grave the next day, amidst a great concourse of people from all the surrounding country, who filled the house and gathered in a solemn and silent multitude around the door. The hymn gave out on that occasion by the minister, was one my mother had taught me to repeat from memory; and when they sang the following stanzas, the eyes of all were turned upon me, [illegible] audible sobbing:

[illegible]

"I was not allowed to [illegible] with earth, lest my [illegible] of my grief [illegible] me they were buried, I [illegible] and led to my [illegible] not rise until several [illegible].

"The neighbor, to whose house [illegible] my family were taken, [illegible] under his roof, and [illegible] as his [illegible] of the [illegible] [illegible] property. [illegible] that [illegible] but as I grew up, [illegible] the [illegible] the good, and that the Lord [illegible] I had loved, and [illegible] the more entirely to the [illegible] region of the west, where [illegible] for the [illegible] and the [illegible] calling, which [illegible].

"Since the [illegible] in certain of its circumstances, [illegible] a little [illegible] he found himself [illegible] one of the brothers, a thrifty farmer, [illegible] could be even under an engagement to [illegible].

From the Western Monthly Review.
THE LAST OF THE BOATMEN.

Every reader of the Western [illegible] deservedly brushed [illegible] from among its [illegible] into the pool of oblivion, [illegible] vid and admirably portraits of [illegible] last of the boatmen. [illegible] ed, [illegible] were fairy [illegible] ly, [illegible] story [illegible] for us to dream, [illegible] done of an actual personage [illegible] we are obliged [illegible] events, and circumstances of [illegible] city, [illegible] velopement of character [illegible] adduced for a moment [illegible] other view than to show [illegible] side of the human character [illegible] circumstances, as Dr. Mitchell [illegible] horned frog, or a prairie dog [illegible] [illegible] in which he [illegible] he doubted her fidelity, [illegible] failed to omit the [illegible] following *addenda* to the [illegible] Western Souvenir are furnished us by a correspondent at St. Louis. [illegible] he informs us, from an intelligent and [illegible] ble fur trader, who has frequently extended his peregrinations beyond the Rocky Mountains, and who was to start the day after our correspondent wrote, for Santa Fe, in New Mexico. Our correspondent assures us that he gives the account of this gentleman, touching the extraordinary Mike Fink, nearly in his own words. We only add, that we have followed his example, in the subjoined, in relation to the narrative of our correspondent.

Mike Fink was born in Pittsburgh, Pa. where his brothers, &c. still reside. He had but little knowledge of letters, especially of their sounds and powers, as his orthography was very bad, and he usually spelled his name Miche Phinck, whilst his father spelled it with an F. When he was young, the witchery which is in the tone of a wooden trumpet, called a river horn, formerly used by keel and flat-boat navigators on the western waters, entranced the soul of Mike, while yet a boy; and he longed to become a boatman. This soon became his ruling passion; and he served as a boatman on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, and their tributary streams, which occupation he pursued until this sort of men were thrown out of employment by the general use of steamboats. When Mike first set foot on a keel boat he could mimic all the tones of a trumpet, and he longed to go to New Orleans, where he heard the people spoke French, and wore their Sunday clothes every day. He served out his pupilage with credit.—When the Ohio was too low for navigation, Mike spent most of his time in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh, killing squirrels with his rifle, and shooting at a target for beef, at the frequent Saturday shooting matches, and company musters of the militia. He soon became famous as "the best shot in the country," and was called *bang all*, and on that account was frequently excluded from participating in matches for beef; for which exclusion he claimed and obtained the *fifth quarter* of the beef, as it is called, (the hide and tallow) for his forbearance. His usual practice was to sell his fifth quarter to the tavern or dram-shop keeper for whiskey, with which he 'treated' every body present, partaking largely himself. He became fond of strong drink, but was never overpowered by its influence. He could drink a gallon of it in twenty-four hours, without the effect being perceivable.

His language was a perfect sample of the half horse and half alligator dialect of the then race of boatmen. He was, also, a wit; and on that account he gained the admiration, and excited the fears of all the fraternity of the boatmen, for he usually enforced his wit with a sound drubbing, if any one dared to dissent, by neglecting, or refusing to laugh at his jokes; for, as he used to say, he told his jokes on purpose to be laughed at in a good-humored way, and that no man should make light of them. The consequence was, Mike always had a chosen band of laughing philosophers about him. An eye bunged up, and a dilapidated nose or ear, was sure to win Mike's sympathy and favor, for Mike made proclamation—'I am a salt river roarer; and I love the wimming, and as how, I'm chock full of fight,' &c.; so he was in truth, for he had a chere amie in every port he visited, and always had a circle of worshippers around him, who would fight their deaths (as they called it) for him. Amongst these were two men, *Carpenter* and *Talbot*, Mike's fast friends and particular confidants. Each was a match for the other, in prowess, in fight, or skill in shooting, for Mike had diligently trained them to all these virtues and mysteries. Carpenter and Talbot figure hereafter. Mike's weight was about one hundred and eighty pounds; height about

five feet nine inches; broad round face, pleasant features, brown skin, tanned by sun and rain; blue, but very expressive eyes, inclining to grey; broad white teeth, and square brawny form, well proportioned, and every muscle of the arms, thighs and legs, were fully developed, indicating the greatest strength and activity. His person, taken altogether, was a model for a Hercules, except as to size.

He first visited St. Louis, as a keel boat man, in the year 1814 or '15, and occasionally after, till 1822, when he joined Henry and Ashley's company of Missouri trappers. Many shooting feats of Mike's are related here, by persons who profess to have witnessed them.—I will relate some of them, and you can make such use of them as you please. In ascending the Mississippi above the mouth of the Ohio, he saw a sow with eight or nine pigs on the river bank; he declared, in boatman phrase, he wanted a pig, and took up his rifle to shoot one; but was requested not to do so. Mike, however, held his rifle to his face, and shot at each pig successively, as the boat glided up the river under easy sail, about forty or fifty yards from shore, and cut off their tails close to their rumps, without doing them any other harm. In 1821, a short time before he ascended the Missouri with Henry and Ashley's company, being on his boat at the landing in this port, he saw a negro lad standing on the river bank, heedlessly gaping in great wonderment at the shore about him. This lad had a strange sort of foot and heel, peculiar to some races of the Africans. His heel protruded several inches in the rear of the leg, so as to leave nearly as much of the foot behind as before it. This unshapely foot offended Mike's eye, and outraged his ideas of symmetry so much, that he determined to correct it. He took aim with his rifle, some thirty paces distant, at the boy's unfortunate heel, and actually shot it away. The boy fell, *crying murder*, and badly wounded. Mike was indicted in the Circuit Court of this county for the offence, and was found *guilty* by a *jury*. I have myself seen the record of the Court. It appeared in evidence that Mike's justification of the offence was, "that the fellow's long heel prevented him from wearing a *genteel boot*." His particular friend, Carpenter, was also a great shot; and he and Mike used to fill a tin cup with whiskey, and place it on their heads by turns, and shoot at it with a rifle, at the distance of seventy yards. It was always bored through, without injury to the one on whose head it was placed. This was often performed, and they liked the feat the better because it showed their confidence in each other.

In 1822, Mike and his two friends, Carpenter and Talbot, engaged in St. Louis with Henry and Ashley, to go up the Missouri with them, in the three fold capacity of boatmen, trappers and hunters. The first year a company of about sixty ascended as high as the mouth of the Yellow Stone River, where they built a fort for the purposes of trade and security. From this place, small detachments of men ten or twelve in a company, were sent out to hunt and trap on the tributary streams of the Missouri and Yellow Stone. Mike and his two friends and nine others were sent to the Muscle Shell river, a tributary of the Yellow Stone. When the winter set in, Mike and his company returned to a place near the mouth of the Yellow Stone; and preferring to remain out of the fort, they dug a hole or cave, in the bluff bank of the river, for a winter house, in which they resided during the winter. This proved a warm and commodious habitation, protecting the inmates from wind and snow.—Here Mike and his friend Carpenter quarrelled a deadly quarrel, the cause of which is not certainly known, but it was thought to have been caused by rivalry in the good graces of a squaw. The quarrel was smothered for the time, by interposition of mutual friends. On the return of spring the party revisited the fort, where Mike and Carpenter, over a cup of whiskey, revived the recollection of their past quarrel, but made a treaty of peace, which was to be solemnized by their usual trial of shooting a cup of whiskey from off each other's head as their custom was. This was at once the test of mutual reconciliation and renewed confidence.

A question remained to be settled, who should have the first shot. To determine this, Mike proposed to "sky a copper" with Carpenter; that is, to throw up a copper. This was done, and Mike won the first shot. Carpenter seemed to be fully aware of Mike's unforgiving temper, and treacherous intent, for he declared, that he was sure that Mike would kill him. But Carpenter scorned life too much, to purchase it by a breach of his solemn compact, in refusing to stand the test. Accordingly he prepared to die. He bequeathed his gun, shot pouch, and powder horn, his belt, pistols, and wages to Talbot, in case he should be killed. They went to the fatal plain, and whilst Mike loaded his rifle, and picked his flint, Carpenter filled his tin cup with whiskey to the brim, and without changing his features, he placed it on his head, as a target for Mike to shoot at. Mike levelled his rifle at the head of Carpenter, at the distance of sixty yards. After drawing a bead, he took down his rifle from his face, and smilingly said, "Hold your noddle steady, Carpenter, and don't spill the whiskey, as I shall want some presently!" He again raised, cocked his piece, and in an instant Carpenter fell, and expired without a groan. Mike's ball had penetrated the fore head of Carpenter in the centre, about an inch and a half above the eyes. He coolly set down his rifle, and applying the muzzle to his mouth, blew the smoke out of the touch hole without saying a word, keeping his eye steadily on the fallen body of Carpenter. His first words were, "Carpenter! have you spilt the whiskey!" He was then told that he had killed Carpenter. "It is all an accident," said Mike, "for I took as fair a bead on the black spot on the cup, as I ever took on a squirrel's eye. How did it happen!" He then cursed the gun, then the bullet, and finally himself.

This catastrophe (in a country where the strong arm of the law cannot reach,) passed off for an accident; and Mike was permitted to go at large, under the belief that Carpenter's death was the result of contingency. But Carpenter had a fast friend in Talbot, who only waited a fair opportunity to revenge his death. No opportunity offered for some months after, until one day, Mike in a fit of gasconading, declared to Talbot, that he did kill Carpenter on purpose, and that he was glad of it. Talbot instantly drew from his belt a pistol, (the same which had belonged to Carpenter,) and shot Mike through the heart. Mike fell to the ground, and expired without a word. Talbot also went unpunished, as no body had authority, or inclination to call him to account. The truth was, Talbot was as ferocious and dangerous as the grisly bear of the prairies. About three months after, Talbot was present in the battle with the *Auricksrees*, in which Col. Leavenworth commanded, where he displayed a coolness, which would have done honour to a better man. He came out of the battle unharmed. About ten years after, he was drowned in the Titan river, in attempting to swim it. Thus ended "the last of the boatmen."

There are several other strange characters, who have spent most part of their lives beyond the verge of civilized society, among the savages. You have recorded the chronicles of Ste. Roy.* But the story of Ste. Kiewa, a Frenchman, would surpass it. The history of Mike Shuck, a misanthropic trapper of the Missouri, would be still more strange. *He holds communion with no man except to barter his furs and peltries* for powder, lead, traps, &c. and then disappears for years, nobody knows where.—His story has been written after a sort, some years since, by *Major* Watmore, of the United States' Army.

The sufferings and almost incredible adventures and miraculous escapes of Glass, a Scotchman, would astonish and please all that have a taste for adventures. If my friend, to who I am indebted for the story of Mike Fink, in part, were not about to depart so soon, I would procure the leading facts in relation to these several persons, as he is familiar with their true history, and has frequently seen all of them.

* In Recollections of last Ten Years, &c.

Philadelphia Typographical Society.

TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY.

At the anniversary meeting of the Philadelphia Typographical Society, held on Saturday Evening, Nov. 7th, 1829, the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

JAMES RUSSELL, President.
JOHN W. GIBBS, Vice President.
JOHN F. COLCORD, Treasurer.

The Society celebrated their 27th anniversary at the Philadelphia hotel. A number of invited guests were present. After partaking of a repast, the following toasts were drunk, interspersed with a variety of choice songs. The company retired at an early hour, the greatest hilarity and good feeling having prevailed during the evening.

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. The Day.—The commencement of a new volume in our work of benevolence—may that running title still be continued, and the volume be completed without errata.
2. The Press.—*Free from licentiousness*—May its proofs never bear the marks of bad workmen.
3. Education.—May its benefits be equally distributed, and the rising generation know no superiors in learning or in virtue.
4. Agriculture, Commerce and Manufactures.—Valuable sorts in the fount case of national wealth:—May they never be thrown into pi by political botches.
5. The Memory of Washington.—(Drank standing.)
6. Franklin.—The Paragon of our Art.—No Greek nor Roman character produces a superior.
7. The United States.—A splendid folio in the list of nations—May her republican rules be for ever preserved, and the quarters so lock each other as to produce beauty and harmony.
8. Pennsylvania.—A noble fount from a most illustrious founder—May her principles be as solid as her metal, and her measures always justified by "Virtue, Liberty and Independence."
9. The Army and Navy.—Our country's pride in the field and on the ocean—May the copy they have left be clearly followed, should a reprint be called for.
10. Civil and religious Liberty.—May the Devil soon lock up those monks and friars of every sect, who would impede its progress.
11. Charles Carroll, of Carrolton.—The last standing type of the Capitals of '76.
12. Our departed brethren.—Though the measure of their existence is broken—we trust their composition will be made up in "another and a better world!"
13. The Fair.—The Nonpareils of creation—May they never be inclosed in the embrace of any but faithful and accomplished partners.

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By Mr. T. Plowman. Isaiah Thomas, of Mass.—The historian of the Art of Printing in the U. States.

By Mr A. Ramage. The memory of the late Mr. Abraham Small—A gentleman and practical printer, whose mine was of no ordinary cast.

By Mr. S. R. Kramer. The chief of all arts, the distributor of Intelligence—the guardian angel of freedom—itself a galley slave.

By Mr. L. Johnson. The United States—A form of imperial—justified and made up by skilful compositors.

By J. M. Sanderson. The Typographical Society—A fount case for those in distress—may it always be supplied with sorts.

By Wm. Mooney. Lafayette.—An old capital of French canon, that wears well.

By W. H. Jones. The Governor of Pennsylvania.—May he soon be enabled to borrow sorts enough to fill up the blank space in our state loan.

By H. Young. The Fair.—A type of innocence—as guides, we have no parallels—as stars, no superior.

By Mr. E. Morris. Universal Freedom—The emancipation of Catholic Ireland. Americans heartily mingle their congratulations with the general joy.

By John Speer. The Daughters of Columbia—Their virtue our adorn—their industry our wreath—their affection the best reward of our toil.

By D. J. Wilson. Joseph Gales, jr. the true friend of Journeymen—May his successor in office look upon him and follow copy.

Our Country.—A form of 24's, locked up in the chase of patriotism—justified by the Constitution—the page that drops out must have been squabbled by the Devil.

The Productive Classes.—The most useful sorts in the public fount case: may they soon receive an equal distribution of legislative protection.

THE DRAMA.

Theatre—Chesnut Street.

This evening, November 12,
The performance to commence with the Petite Comedy of
HOW TO DIE FOR LOVE.

Captain Thalwick, ... Mr. Wood.
Captain Blumenfield, ... Mr. Warren.
Trick, ... Mr. Jefferson.
Charlotte, ... Miss Waring.

After which, in consequence of the numerous enquiries that have been made for it, the celebrated Opera of
JOHN OF PARIS.

John of Paris, ... Mr. Pearman.
Grand Chamberlain of Navarre, ... Mr. Rowbotham.
Vincent, ... Mrs. Rowbotham.
Pedrigo Potts .... Mr. Jefferson.
Princess of Navarre, ... Mrs. Pearman.
Rosa, ... Mrs. Blake.

The whole to conclude with the Farce of
102;
OR, THE VETERAN AND HIS PROGENY.

Philip Garbois, an Invalid Soldier, aged 102, Mr. Jefferson.
Jerome, his son, a Farmer, aged 80, ... Mr Stone.
Madame Leonid, an Innkeeper, ... Mrs. Turner.
Isabelle, her daughter, ... Mrs. Roper.

Mr. and Mrs. SLOMAN'S third appearance to-morrow evening.

In consequence of the preparations necessary for the Opera of Native Land, and Shakspeare's Play of the Tempest, Mrs. Austin's second appearance will not be until Saturday.

Doors open at 6, performance to commence at a ¼ before 7.

Philadelphia Theatre—Arch Street.

MISS COLEMAN'S THIRD APPEARANCE.

This evening, November 12,
Will be presented Shakspeare's Comedy of
MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.

Benedict, ... Mr. Archer.
Leonato .... Mr. Phillips
Borachio, ... Mr. Walton.
Dogberry .... Mr. Roberts.
Beatrice .... Miss Coleman.

The Evening's Entertainments to conclude with the Farce of
THE MARRIED BACHELOR.

Ready .... Mr. Roberts
Grace, ... Miss A. Fisher.

To-morrow evening Mr. E. Forrest will make his fifth appearance, in the character of Damon, being the last night of his Engagement.

Mr. FINN, the celebrated Comedian, is engaged for a few nights. Due notice will be given of his first appearance.

Washington Amphitheatre—N. Liberties.

This evening, Monsieur RICHER'S BENEFIT, on which occasion Mons. and Mad. Durieuil, Mons. Mathis, Mons. Fortune, the celebrated Artists, have kindly volunteered their services for this night only.

This evening, November 12.
The Performance to commence with
HORSEMANSHIP,
By Master ROGERS, in the character of a Highlander.

CORDE VOLANTE, by Mr. EAGLESTON.

HORSEMANSHIP
By MONS. RICHER.

STILL VAULTING
By the whole Troop.

The laughable Scene of the
DRUNKEN COBLER ON STILTS,
By Monsieur RICHER.

HORSEMANSHIP
By MASTER RAYMOND, on his wild charger, without Saddle or Bridle.

MR. S P. STICKNEY
Has kindly volunteered his services to perform the Laughable Scene of
MONTAURULLE OUX LIVOGUE A CHEVALLP.
Riding Master, Mr. Aston—Montauruelle, Mr S P. Stickney. Epicanon Smooth, his Cook, Mons. Richer.
Being the first time of its performance in America.

Mons. and Mad. Durieuil will appear in a celebrated PAS DE DEUX.

Grand Display of TIGHT ROPE DANCING, by Mr. Mathis.

The astonishing Mons. Fortune will go through a variety of DANCING.

After which, the Laughable scene of the
MILLER AND COALMAN.

Mons. Mathis will go through his wonderful exercises, in imitation of a celebrated INDIAN JUGGLER.

The whole to conclude with the admired Farce of
TURN OUT!
OR, THE ENRAGED POLITICIAN.

A CARD.

Roberts and Andrews at Home in Tragedy.

SATURDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 14, 1829,

MR. ROBERTS will take his BENEFIT at the ARCH STREET THEATRE. On which occasion Mr. Roberts will appear in the character of George Barnwell, the London apprentice, and being himself, for this night only, by particular desire. In the last Act, Mr. Roberts will make a GRAND ASCENSION from the stage to the place of execution, without the aid of a BALANCE POLE, or WHEELBARROW, and perform many astonishing feats on the CORDE CHOAKE about THE NECKE, and conclude the wonderful performance by DANCING UPON NOTHING, a feat never attempted by CLINE, PETERS', or the FORIOSO. Mr. Andrews will play the death of GEORGE BARNWELL, the Cockney Apprentice. The laughable interlude of the LOTTERY TICKET, will be performed, in which Mr. Roberts, as Wormwood, will show the audience how to get into a HOBBLE. The evening's entertainments will conclude with the Farce of the SLEEP WALKER, in which Mr. R. will take off, imitations of every performer, and afterwards take off himself.

nov. 11—1t

PHILADELPHIA:

THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 12, 1829.

Our attention has been invited to a plan for the establishment of a College at Jacksonville, Illinois, contributions in aid of which are solicited by a gentleman now in this city. A considerable portion of the sum required has, we understand, been subscribed at New York. We insert a circular which has been placed in our hands; and which is accompanied by recommendations from several highly respectable gentleman, including the President and Professors of Yale College:—"Every christian and patriot must regard, with the deepest interest, the rapid growth of those states which are springing into existence west of the Alleghany Mountains. The fact, that they belong to a district half as large as the whole of Europe; that the population has increased in forty years, from *one hundred thousand* to FOUR MILLIONS; that this population is doubling once in eleven years, and will consequently sway the councils of the nation within twenty years from the present time; and that before the close of the century, the number of inhabitants in the great valley of the Mississippi must, in all human probability, exceed SIXTY MILLIONS:—these facts demonstrate, that the welfare, not only of our own country, but of the human race, is to be seriously affected by the *character* which may be given to the population of this vast interior of the United States. Since therefore the character of a people depends chiefly upon the *institutions* which they possess, it becomes a duty of the highest moment, to plant through this immense region, those institutions which shall exert the happiest influence upon the character of those who inhabit it. Particularly, is it incumbent on all the friends of God, and of our country, to establish the institutions of learning and religion in every part of this territory, where a favourable opportunity presents. The State of Illinois itself is nearly as large as New England. It borders on one of the great lakes, and is situated in one of the most fertile regions of the valley of the Mississippi, having its whole western line of 600 miles washed by that noble river, and its southern line by the Ohio. It contains 120,000 inhabitants, and is rapidly increasing in numbers and resources. It possesses but few schools of any kind, and few institutions for promoting religion. But a wide and effectual door is opened to the friends of Literature and of Christianity to do good, by the establishment of religious and other means of improvement. After much consideration, and taking, extensively, the advice of men distinguished for intelligence and piety, it has been resolved to establish a College at Jacksonville, a flourishing town in the central part of the State, to be called the Illinois College. A beautiful site, one mile from the town, has been selected and procured, and a building commenced. An association of young men, members of the Theological Department of Yale College, has been formed for the purpose of superintending the business of instruction, and in other ways of promoting the various interests of the College. The Board of Trustees consists partly of the members of this association, and partly of citizens of Illinois, having the power of filling their own vacancies. In the infancy of the Institution, it is necessary to appeal to the benevolent in older portions of our country, for aid in the completion of the necessary buildings, and to meet numerous other expenses incident to plans of this nature. If the sum of ten thousand dollars can be raised in the Atlantic States, the College may be put into operation speedily and with cheering and animating prospects. For such assistance, application is now made by authorized agents. Circumstances of the deepest interest point to the present time, as the best, for undertaking the enterprise."

An extract or two from the remarks of Mr. Bellenden Ker, an eminent conveyancer of London, who was examined before the Commissioners on the Law of Real Property, appointed under an act of Parliament, may be acceptable to a considerable number of our readers. Mr. Ker argued briefly against the adoption of a code, and after referring to the state of the law in France, remarking by the way that the library of a French advocate far exceeds in bulk that an English lawyer, said:—"On the other hand, in the United States, where it is not likely that improvement would be checked by any prejudices against the altering existing institutions, it has been found inexpedient to introduce any new code, but the Americans are contented to alter and modify the English law, (originally adopted by them,) so as to suit it to existing circumstances; and, as far as I can learn, the laws of America for the transmission and transfer of property may be considered as the most certain and least onerous of any civilized state—I think it would be wise if we followed the example of America rather than imitate the French. I have ventured to give my opinion at some length, as the point is of great importance, and particularly seeing that persons of eminence, both as writers on legislation and professional experience, have expressed contrary opinions to mine. Amongst the first is Mr. Bentham, amongst the latter Mr. Humphreys.—With regard to the latter gentleman's work, although it contains a valuable sketch of the present state of the law and its inconvenience and absurdities, yet, with regard to the remedies he proposes, I think his work objectionable, inasmuch as he has dwelt so little on the probable difficulties which I should think must have presented themselves to his mind, as being inseparable from the framing a new code, and the perpetual difficulties which must arise in the construction of new laws, and ascertaining the value of a new technical language. In this respect I consider the work has done much harm, particularly as coming from a gentleman who is known to have been in practice for many years as a conveyancer, inasmuch as it has tended to exite hopes as to the improvement and simplification of our laws of property, which I am satisfied can never be realized, and as tending to create a prejudice against all those who do not think the road to reform so straight and so broad as Mr. Humphreys conceives it to be. Although I believe few persons at the bar conversant with laws of real property will be found to concur with Mr. Humphreys, in his suggestions as to a new code, yet I am satisfied few will be found who do not agree with him in thinking the present state of the laws an absolute disgrace to the country, and an unfair tax on property, and a restraint on its transmission. I believe every conveyancer is convinced that many important and beneficial alterations may be made. For myself, I beg to state, once for all, that I have no prejudices in favor of the doctrines of contingent remainders, the operation and machinery of fines and recoveries, and the whole host of fictions, which have arisen from the feudal system, laws of tenure, entails, &c. I do not conceive the happiness or the independence of the people will be prejudiced one jot by the removal of all these, and of every other law which makes the model of transfer and the tenure of property at once expensive and uncertain. The practice of nearly nineteen years as a conveyancer has not had the effect of blinding me to the utter imperfection of the present state of the law. I know it is the fashion to think otherwise of lawyers, though I believe this is doing them, as a class, injustice; there may be some few exceptions; some who, having long exhibited in the arena with success, feel a lingering love for the field of their profit and glory, and conceive no system can be better than that which enabled them to show their ingenuity, and which tended to their emolument. The fact is, the evil has been long felt, and the laws have ever been in a constant, though in most cases extremely slow and desultory, state of alteration and improvement."

In another part of his examination Mr. Ker remarked that Lord Eldon and Sir William Grant had both, long ago, said that wills of personal property should be put on the same footing with those disposing of real estate; but nothing of the kind had ever been done. He added:—"Another, perhaps almost the greatest evil, has arisen from the allowance of a greater latitude in the construction of wills than in deeds. Owing to this rule, in most instances, wills are made without any reference to the technical language necessary in deeds. The Judges take the best means in their power of ascertaining (what is often declared by them in despair to be impossible—namely) the intention of the testator; and in doing this they are often hampered and confounded by the variety of rules which have been laid down to govern the construction of wills; and in many cases, by reason of the bounds established by these very rules to give effect to the intention, decide from a choice of evils contrary to what was the obvious meaning. In addition to this, parties taking under wills inaccurately framed are ignorant of the extent of their interests; generations may go on for nearly a century or more before they can ascertain whether they have a fee or only a qualified estate. Numerous difficulties arise in the examination of titles, as to what is the meaning of limitations in wills, and the result is, that a large proportion of property is constantly kept out of the market by reason that the interests of the parties are so undefined that they cannot be ascertained with certainty. I admit that every facility should be given for the disposal of property, but then I do not think it too much to require that the disposal should be effected by apt and certain words, so that the interest should be clearly ascertainable, and that technical words for defining such interests should be adopted, as is done in the case of deeds; and then I think it would result that, as in the case of deeds, little or no difficulty would arise in the construction of testamentary dispositions. The difficulty and injustice arising from the present latitude, and the vast proportion of the time of the court which is occupied in the construction of wills, have been complained of by almost every judge who has sat on the bench. At first an inconvenience might be felt from the habits of the people, but this would soon cease; the few plain technical rules as to the construction of deeds would be understood and adopted. In Scotland, where there is no difference in the law of construction of different instruments, the inconveniences I have noticed do not arise; although many inconvenient rules fettering the testamentary disposition exist there, which I would not, of course, propose to introduce."

The annexed letter, from a brother of Commodore Creighton, we find in the New York American of yesterday. The editor of that paper, observing that Commodore Creighton has been recalled, and may be soon expected home, says:—"Meantime, it must be taken as pretty conclusive evidence of the standing of Commodore Creighton with his own officers and crew, that, *after* the American papers containing the various charges against him of tyrannical and oppressive conduct were received on board the Hudson, and read, as we have reason to know they were, very generally, a complimentary dinner was given to him by his officers; and his crew were taking measures, on their part, to evince the regard in which they hold him."

To the Editor of the American.

Dear Sir:—The letter from Rio Janeiro, published by you some days since, contains a very satisfactory exposition of the causes which led to the difficulties on board the Hudson frigate, and bears strong testimony to the high standing of her commander, as an officer and a gentleman.—But I fear it will be thought by some, that it does not sufficiently meet the specific charges, which have been so industriously circulated against him, and under this impression, I would (and the anxiety of a brother must be my apology) trespass upon your indulgence, by asking room in your paper for this communication.

The specific charges above alluded to, were, that "he had kept one Lieutenant (Hamersley) six months under hatches," and had "graced the wristbands of two other officers with iron hand ruffles." With respect to the former of these, I have this day received a letter from a friend, (now in this country,) from which the following is an extract:—"By the invitation of Commodore Creighton, I embarked on board the Hudson, on the 1st of June, at Monte Video, and arrived on the 12th of the same month at Rio Janeiro, and continued to reside on board the ship with him, until the 19th July, when I sailed for the United States.

During the period above mentioned, I frequently saw Lieut. Hamersley, and Lieut —— and two Midshipmen (their names I do not remember,) who I was informed were under arrest, walking on the gun deck, and on several occasions I have observed Lieuts. H. and —— sitting forward on the gun deck at the place assigned for smoking, with other lieutenants and ward room officers; and from the friendly intercourse I enjoyed with the officers of the Hudson, had there been exercised towards the said officers under arrest, any severity unauthorized by the usages of the service, I think I should have heard of it; which, I can say, I never did.

The other charge, I shall disprove in the language of the Commodore himself, as expressed in a letter to me, dated on board the Hudson, September 6th. "I have been thirty years in the navy, and, for the greater part of that time, as you very well know, have been either an Executive Officer, or Commander of a ship of War, or of a squadron, and during this long term of service, I have never yet, up to this day, found it necessary to put an officer in irons—and God forbid I ever should."

I submit these extracts to the public without a single word of comment, except so far as what follows may be a corroboration of them.

On the 12th of September last, the officers of the Gun Room gave a sumptuous dinner to their Commander, to which all the Americans in Rio were invited. The regular toasts were only three:—1st. The President of the United States. 2d. The Secretary of the Navy. 3d. Commodore Creighton—our respected and esteemed guest.

Nor are expressions of good will confined to the Officers of the ship. The crew have voluntarily entered into a subscription to present him with some testimonial of their respect and affection.

The least, *I think*, that can be inferred from these facts is, that his officers and crew do not regard Commodore C. as a *Tyrant*.

I am, respectfully, &c. W. CREIGHTON.

The London Annuals for the approaching year are beginning, we observe, to arrive in this country. Messrs. E. L. Carey and A. Hart have received the *London Forget-me-not*. A copy is now before us, but we have not had leisure to examine it minutely. We may observe, however, that the illustrations are of the first order. The engraving, which, at a hasty glance, appear to be the most perfectly executed, is a view of *Greenwich Hospital* and the adjacent water. They who possess themselves of this volume, and of the *Atlantic Souvenir*, may have the satisfaction of comparing two of the most beautiful books that have issued from the English and the American press.

For the Daily Chronicle.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

On Tuesday night we had a treat of the very best kind, in an exhibition of the *chef d'œuvre* of the English Opera, Gay's immortal piece; which, through all the vicissitudes of taste and fashion, has never failed to delight by the charms of its music, and the witty satire of the dialogue; notwithstanding the too great freedom of its style, and its coarseness of character. Considering the time when it was written, rather more than a century ago, and the circumstance that it was the first piece brought on the stage that could fairly claim the title of an English Opera, it is certainly one of the most extraordinary, as well as most original productions, of the British drama. It was this feature of originality, that so puzzled Pope, Arbuthnot, and Swift, when their friend, the author, before his play was put into the hands of Rich, the Manager, consulted them as to its probable success. The last named of the three wits, when he returned the manuscript, said that "it would either take prodigiously, or be confoundedly d—d." Its success was so great, that it was said to have made Gay rich, and Rich gay.

The songs of *Macheath*, as given by Pearman, were, as well as I can judge, never surpassed on our stage; and the part was acted in a manner creditable to the performer. Stone's *Peachum* and Jefferson's *Locket* were good, throughout. Their quarrel, in defence of their honour, was very diverting. Hamilton, who has clever talents in his line, made *Filch* a very pleasant cut purse. The rest of the men's characters were well sustained; but perhaps a little more drilling would have done them no harm.

Miss Podley, as Roberts, when he played *Filch*, used to call the heroine, may have been better played than by Mrs. Austin; but I cannot easily believe that the songs have often been better sung. It is difficult to conceive any thing more delightful than four or five of this lady's best songs. If this opinion were ventured in the midst of an orchestra, I should probably draw around me a swarm of fiddlers, flute-players, trumpeters and kettle-drummers, humming and buzzing like hornets or yellow-jackets, and stinging me to death as a heretic in music. "What is a voice? Science, science—execution, execution—these are every thing." A fig, say I, for the science of Braham or Catalani, without a first-rate voice to work on. And so says the Italian maxim—that voice is ninety-nine parts in a hundred.

Mrs. Rowbotham now justifies the opinion I expressed of her talents at a time when, for some reason or other, she was not allowed a fair chance to show them. She constantly gains ground in public favour. She played *Lucy* very neatly. I must say, however, that I should have been unwilling to see Mrs. Blake in [illegible] was one of her most shining parts at the [illegible] street Theatre. But this is [illegible] I shall venture no farther.

COLLEY [illegible]

[illegible]

The five per cent. City Loan, of [illegible] yesterday taken, by one individual, at a [illegible] um of 5 1-000 per cent.

Winter has come. The puddles in our [illegible] began to freeze by eight last evening; and [illegible] morning, the ponds in the suburbs were [illegible] with strong ice.

Mr. Nagle, who advertises in our columns [illegible] now, at No. 25 South Third street, [illegible] died on one found under ground, in [illegible] spot opposite to the house [illegible] was born. Its breadth, at the [illegible] inches and three quarters.

A black man, named [illegible] been convicted before Judge [illegible] folk county, New York, of burglary, [illegible] tenced to the State Prison for life.

The Kennebec Journal, Augusta, [illegible] that the Augusta Bank has been in [illegible] teen years, and has during that [illegible] among the stockholders, a sum larger [illegible] original capital, $100,000, besides [illegible] nual state tax of $1000; and that [illegible] debt made during this period, does [illegible] $250.

The Raleigh N. C. Register of the [illegible] that Thomas Norman, who had been [illegible] of bigamy, the previous week at [illegible] rior Court, was sentenced to be [illegible] day, the 21st inst. A respite, however, [illegible] granted until the 10th December, to [illegible] tunity for the exertion of Legislative [illegible]

The bridge across the Susquehanna [illegible] can's Island is so far finished that [illegible] cross upon it.

The Boston Evening Gazette says [illegible] ber of deaths in that city, during the [illegible] was only *Ten*, being the fewest [illegible] been reported in one week for [illegible]

Two or three days ago, two boats, [illegible] tening to get before the other on the [illegible] Canal, about 26 miles above the city, [illegible] of the gates of a lock. In consequence [illegible] about 70 boats are now detained at [illegible]

At Natchez, on the 15th ult. of the [illegible] fever, in the 25th year of his age, [illegible] Gowen, formerly of this city, son of [illegible] Gowen, of Strasburg, Pa.

On Friday morning Mr. Jonathan [illegible] Brockport, N. Y. put a period to [illegible] by shooting himself through the [illegible] musket, loaded with powder and shot. [illegible] was about 50 years of age; has left a [illegible] 7 children in Salem, Ashtabula County, [illegible] and another wife in Brockport. The [illegible] the coroner's Jury was that he [illegible] while in a partial state of insanity, [illegible] drinking spirituous liquor.

The New York Morning Herald [illegible] numbers drawn in the New York Lottery [illegible] 51 55 30 32 12 38 31 37 32. Sylvester, [illegible] Broadway, again have sold the capital prize [illegible] $10,000, in a whole ticket.

The governor of Pennsylvania has [illegible] that the sheriff of Lancaster [illegible] ry into effect the sentence of the court [illegible] nounced against Henry [illegible] for the murder of his father, and that the execution shall be [illegible] ed until otherwise directed by the [illegible] thority. The warrant of the governor [illegible] ously received, ordered that his execution [illegible] take place on the 12th inst.

The Salisbury, N. C. Carolinian, of the [illegible] ult. says—"We have been informed [illegible] Jonathan Harris, of Mecklenburg, died at his residence a few days since. Major [illegible] the proprietor of the gold mine which [illegible] name, and which is more productive, [illegible] sequently more valuable than any [illegible] in the world. Maj. Harris had been a member of the General Assembly, and a Magistrate in the county; and was one of its [illegible] and respectable citizens."

The Managers of the Infant School [illegible] of Philadelphia, gratefully acknowledge the receipt of twenty dollars from "Credo," [illegible] North Carolina. The above mentioned is the second donation from this liberal unknown [illegible]

Mrs. M'Lane, the lady of the American Minister, in England, has taken passage for herself and family in the ship Cambria, Capt. [illegible] Moore, for London; to sail from the port of New York, on the 16th inst.

The New York City Inspector reports [illegible] deaths of 85 persons during the past week—[illegible] men, 22 women, 23 boys and 24 girls—of whom 42 were under five years of age.

The American Insurance company at New York have declared a dividend of [illegible] for the last six months, leaving a surplus [illegible] more considerable than that left at the last dividend.

A Milledgeville, Geo. correspondent says, "in 14 years there has not been known so abundant a crop of corn as that of the present season. In respects Cotton the accounts are contradictory."

Mr. Adam Stewart, of Boston, has invented an air gun, which discharges balls with [illegible] force and precision. One of the implements [illegible] which he has applied the principles of his invention, is in the shape of a small cannon, and another is enclosed in a common walking stick.

There arrived at Charleston, S. C. in the month of October, from without the limits of the State, 15 ships, 3 barques, 16 brigs, 42 schooners, 17 sloops, and 1 steamboat. Cleared, 11 ships, 12 brigs, 24 schooners, 3 sloops and 2 steam boats.

It is now upwards of two months, says the Charleston Courier of Nov. 4th, since we have had any rain in the lower parts of this State, (if we except one or two slight showers) but we learn by the arrivals here within the last two days, from Northern ports, that they had continued rains nearly all the passage.

The inauguration of George Wolf, Esq. will take place on Tuesday, the 15th of December next.

An old inhabitant of New Haven, Conn. states that from the conclusion of the revolutionary war, in 1783, to the present time, not a man, woman, or child, has been lost by drowning, in the passages between that city and New York, in any of the packets or steamboats.

On the night of Saturday, 31st ult. a violent gale was experienced at Quebec, which caused considerable damage to the shipping generally, but particularly to the small craft at St. [illegible] which suffered severely. The steamboat John [illegible]

Molson, while lying in the slip at Hunt's wharf, was slightly injured on her quarter, by the ship Brilliant driving against her. This vessel broke away from her shore-fastenings at Gaudie's wharf, and, in her course, had been deprived of her bowsprit—a fortunate circumstance for the steamboat, as otherwise the Brilliant would have done incalculable injury to the John Molson. It is mentioned as an extraordinary circumstance, connected with this gale, that one of the boat-davids of the Nailer, which had been torn away by the violence of the storm, was found the next morning in the foretop of the Brilliant. The gale, which was from the Eastward, was accompanied by very little rain, and no snow. It is stated that it did not produce the damage to the shipping below Quebec, that might have been expected, from the violence which distinguished it there.

SHIP NEWS.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 14.—Arrived, Spanish brig Dorio Vista, Havana, 22 days, fruit and sugars, to G. W. Geiser.

Brig Milton, Howes, Boston, 6 days, with mdse. to A. C. Barclay. Nov. 8, lat 39 5, long. 73 30, [illegible] fell in with and boarded the wreck of the Commerce, of Cherry Stone, both her masts were along side; deck ripped up, hatches off, and full of water. The body of a dead man was in the hold. To appearance, the Commerce had not been long in that situation. Took from her a fore-sail, fore-shrouds, gib-stay, 2 anchors, &c.

Brig Ocean, Tear, Ragged Island, 14 days, salt, &c. to J. H. Lims.

Brig Columbian, Remington, do. do., 14 days, salt, &c. to McKeever & Hudell, Jr.

Schr. Bold Commander, Irons, Norfolk, 4 days, shingles, to Captain.

Sloop Florida, Taylor, Snowhill, 3 days, with mdse. to A. White & Co.

CLEARED, ship Missouri, [illegible], New Orleans.

Schr. Hetta Jackson, Robertson, [illegible]

Schr. James Burrill, Briggs, Providence.

Schr. Eleanor, Morse, Richmond.

Schr. Caroline, Morris, Wilmington, N. C., J. Patton, Jr.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Arrived, ship Talma, Dennis, from New Orleans, left the city 22d, and Balize, 24th, with cotton, &c. Sailed in company ships Triad, of Boston, and Superior of New York, for Cadiz, [illegible] lat. 26 [illegible] all well. Spoke at the Fort, ship Mentor, [illegible], brig Camden, of Boston, from Havre; ship Kentucky, hence, just arrived at City, also a French ship from Bordeaux. The brig Galena, for Tobago, sailed 18th. Left, brigs Trent, for New York, soon; Robert M. Williams, for Liverpool, do. Ship Neptune, just arrived; brigs Romulus, from Gottenburg, and Cynthia, from Portland, do. At McColl's Plantation, ship Lewis, brigs Mary, and Monticello, and schr. Louisiana.

Ship Emperor, Bennett, 8 days from Savannah, with cotton, &c. The E. was within 25 miles of Sandy Hook on Saturday evening last, but was not enabled to get in on account of the gale.

Brig Medina, Sullivan, from Carthagena, Oct. 15th, with silver and gold, fustic, hides, copper. Passengers, Messrs. Joseph Ayton, of Glasgow, Scotland, Joseph Gooding, of Bogota, Silas K. Everett, Capt. John G. Abbott, and Mrs. Dusenbury, of New York; Senor Juan Mudicdo and lady, and Senor Manuel Mudiedo, of Carthagena, and two in the steerage. Left no American vessels there. Oct. 24, lat. 25, long. [illegible], passed ship Frances, of Newburyport, standing S. W. 3d instant, Island of Conception in sight, spoke brig David Maffet, 12 hours from Rum Key, for Philadelphia, in company with brig Matteawan, from do. for New York. 8th, off the Capes of Virginia, passed ship Ann Maria, lying to.

Brig William, Hood, [of Portland,] 60 days from Laguna, with logwood and specie. Left, Sept. 24, brig Belvidere, of Newport, for New York, 10 days, the only American vessel. Oct. 12th, Double Headed Shot Keys bearing S. E. by E. distant 8 miles, spoke brig Milton, of Gardner, from Bath, for Pensacola. Same time, saw a ship with K. R. in her foretopsail, standing W. 27th Sept. lat. 26 46, long. 87, spoke British brig Chance, from Jamaica for St. Johns, N. B. 16th Oct. Cape Florida, bearing S. S. W. 41 miles distant, brig Hunter, Barnes, 17 days from New Orleans, for Charleston. 17th, lat. 27 25, long. 79 45, saw a ship with bright sided, with H. L. in her foretopsail. 26th, lat. 35 57, long. 74 15, spoke Spanish brig Leon, 10 days from Havana, for Philadelphia, who kindly supplied us with provisions. 28th, lat. 39 18, long. 44 45, brig Ariel, of and from Philadelphia; did not learn where bound. 4th instant, Block Island, N. N. W. distant 38 miles, ship Gen. Hamilton, of and from Providence, for Canton, who also politely furnished us with provisions.

Brig Prince Edward, Bakewell, Cape Hayti, 11 days, with coffee, hides, &c. 3 passengers. Left, schr. Combine, for Boston, 4 days.

Brig Henry, Stoddard, New Bedford, 4 days, with oil.

Brig Vesta, Smith, 2 days from the Chesapeake, with ship timber.

Brig Isley, Mitchell, Richmond, 4 days, with flour.

Brig Arthur, Donnell, Switzer, Prospect, Me. 5 days, with spars, for Norfolk—put in here for a harbor.

Brig Orion, Nickerson, Baltimore, 3 days, with flour.

Schr. Canton, Hart, Philadelphia.

Cleared, ship Jane Knight, Allen, Charleston.

Ship Citizen, Hillman, Havre.

Ship Mobile, Ingersoll, New Orleans.

Brig Chalcedony, Lincoln, New Orleans.

Brig Delight, Birkett, Philadelphia.

Schr. Pilgrim, Rutter, Philadelphia.

Sailed, ships Mobile, Ingersoll, New Orleans; Mary-Howland, Aikin, do.; Queen Mab, Bailey, Savannah, Tybee, Wood, do.; brig Pacific, Mason, Baltimore; schr. Georgetown, Philadelphia.

Passengers in the packet ship Henry IV., Capt. Pell, which sailed yesterday for Havre:—Mr. Formon, member of the French Chamber of Deputies, Counsellor of State, &c.; Madam Formon; Mr. Gares, of Switzerland; Mr. Griswold, of New York; Mr. Dennis de Trobriand and Mr. Joseph Campes, of France.

NEWPORT, November 9.—Arrived, brig Columbia, Frenchman's Bay; schrs. Hetta, Franklin, Philadelphia; Brookville, New York, for Boston; New Hope, Wareham; Milo, Camden, and Margaret, Thomaston, all for New York; brig Henry Bennett, Eaton, Curracoa, 22; with salt, bound to New York. Left, Oct. 17, brigs Stranger, New Haven, 14, and Gen. Macomb, Reed, Wilmington—the only Ams. Spoke, 1st inst. lat. 35, lon. 73, schr. ——, Parker, Boston 5, for Wilmington, had lost her main boom. This morning, about 4 o'clock, 25 miles S. W. from Block Island, ran afoul of the schr. Horace, Kilborn, Newburyport, for Philadelphia, with fish and salt—struck the schr. near the water's edge, when in a few minutes she sunk—succeeded in saving the crew, it blowing a severe gale at the time, with only the clothing they had on.

SALEM, Nov. 8.—Sailed, ship Francis, Wilkins, Sumatra.

Brig Patriot, Portland.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—Arrived, brig Wm. & Joseph, Vining, Alexandria.

Steam boat Columbia, Mitchell, 20 hours from Alexandria, freight and passengers. Saw nothing in the Bay. Wind blowing a gale from W. N. W. with a snow storm.

Cleared, ship Union, Thomas, Mobile.

Schr. Eliza Jane, Crowell, St. Johns. N. B.

ALEXANDRIA, D. C., Nov. 10.—Arrived, ship Superb, Benedict, Philadelphia, furniture for the President's House.

Sailed, brig Actress, Spurling, Halifax.

RICHMOND, November 9.—Sailed, schr. Virginia, Chambers, for Philadelphia, via City Point, with coal and flour.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.—Arrived, ship James Bridges, Salem, 10 days, merchandise, &c.

Brig Ariel, Thomas, Philadelphia, 6 days from the Capes. 30th ult. off Cape Romain, spoke schr. Will, [of Bath] from St. Augustine for Wilmington, N. C.—Passenger, Mr. R. Benson.

Brig Marcella, Hiler, Boston, 11 days, merchandize, &c. 30th and 31st ult. western edge of the Gulf, experienced a very severe gale of wind from N. N. E. and N. E. Passengers, Mr. Redding and Lady, Mrs. Fiske and child, and Mr. Oakes. Sailed in co. with schr. Gen Jackson, Eldridge, for this port and saw her 29th ult. 30 miles North of Cape Hatteras, and ship Vesper, for Savannah.

Schr. Katharine, Linnekin, Turks Island, 8 days, salt. Left brig Joseph Sprain, Hawkes, for Thomaston, Me. 20th inst. and schr. Mary, Chadwick, for Edenton, N. C. same day.

SHIPWRECK.—Capt. HILER, of the brig *Marcella*, from Boston, has furnished us with the following particulars of the loss of the schooner *Wm. M. Smith*, (of this port,) Captain SILLIMAN, on her passage from St. Augustine to this place.

Yesterday, at 12 o'clock, A. M. lat. 33, 07, lon. 77, 30, fell in with and picked up the boat of schr. *Wm. M. Smith*, Capt. SILLIMAN, having on board himself and crew, consisting of seven persons, very much exhausted, having had neither provisions nor water since leaving the wreck, and nothing by which to propel the boat but pieces of plank torn from the schooner. The boat was so much stove and unseaworthy, as not to be worth saving. The *Wm. M. Smith* was 12 days from St. Augustine, bound to Charleston, and was capsized in the gulf in lat. 32, 20, on the 1st instant, by a whirlwind.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 4.—Arrived, ship North [illegible], Benedict, Philadelphia.

Ship Halcyon, Philadelphia, and 60 hours from the Capes.

Br. brig Ardent, Tammon, Philadelphia, 6 days.

Brig Lydia, Wood, New York, 5 days.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 8—Arrived, brig Lucy, Gross, from Curacoa, with 3000 bushels salt. Left at Curacoa, brig Gen. McComb, Reid, waiting cargo; brig Henry, Bennett, Eaton, loading.

Brig Hercules, Harward, from St. Barts.

Brig Leopard, Higgins from Bath.

Brig Dunyeon, Perkins, from Havana, with sugar, coffee, molasses.

Brig Delaware, of Philadelphia, Wilson, from Neuvitas, [Cuba,] bound to Baltimore, with sugar, beeswax, ...tin, mahogany and segars.

Cleared, Oct. 28, brig Susan and Jane, Patton, for Martinique.

29. sch. Alabamian, Talbot, for St. Croix.

Nov. 3. Brig Jasper, Hopkins, for Guadaloupe.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 1[illegible].—Arrived, steamer Post-Boy, from the Passes, having towed to from sea, ship Lewis, from Portsmouth, and left her at the mouth of the Pass.

Entered, brigs William, Reed, from Thomaston; Hudson, Lord, Amsterdam.

Cleared, brig Belle Isola, [illegible], Campeachy.

Schr. Galen, [illegible]

21st.—Entered, ship Milton, Webb, from Bordeaux.

COMMUNICATION.

OUTRAGEOUS ACT.—The subscribers, passengers in the steamboat Philadelphia, Captain Kellum, deem it a duty we owe to those at present under our charge, to ourselves, and to the community, to expose the malicious attempt made by the Captain of the steamboat Emerald, to injure the Philadelphia, by wilfully running afoul of her, on Tuesday, the 10th inst. and recklessly endangering the lives of all on board.

We feel ourselves vindicated in conscience in holding up to the public odium those who can, either from pecuniary interest, or from feelings of rivalry, with which we are individually unconcerned, intentionally place at risk the lives of mothers and their children, fathers, and all who are bound to them by the dearest ties.—We further hereby pledge ourselves that under no circumstances will we suffer ourselves to be the means of patronizing in any manner, either Captain Whelden or the Despatch Line with which he is connected.

John James Graves, M. D. of New York; Charles McHenry, Mount Holly; Wm. L. Smith, Samuel R. Guntler, New York; Joseph Moore, Charles Leland, Philadelphia; Henry Thompson, Dr. Coleman, Philadelphia; Nathaniel [illegible], New York; Joel Cook, Philadelphia; Dr. George D. Tucker, Philadelphia; G. Lark, New York; John Olmstead, Richard Parsons, Philadelphia.

N. B. The stroke was so heavy as to remove the boiler so much as to crack one of the steam pipes attached to the engine.

On board the Philadelphia, Nov. 10th, 1829.

SAM PATCH.

A letter to the editors of the Albany Daily Advertiser, dated Rochester, Friday Evening, Nov. 6, 1829, gives us the following interesting particulars relative to Sam's last great feat:—

"I do not remember a more imposing spectacle than was exhibited at the falls to-day. The banks on each side were lined by a living rampart, to a great distance below the cataract, while every spot which afforded a foot hold, on their steep sides, were occupied. Certainly not less than 10,000 persons were present. All Rochester was for a while congregated together; none but the bed-ridden remained at home; and the country for miles around was fully represented. Long before two o'clock, every vacant place was filled. On the steep brow of the Brighton side, the spectators formed a solid phalanx, which, seen from the opposite shores, looked more like an army drawn up in battle array, than aught else to which I can compare it—and certainly, if the intense feeling which pervaded that vast assembly is taken into view, the scene could not have been much unlike the "moment before the battle." A *spurious* Sam Patch made his appearance, and excited a cheer from the multitude, about a quarter past two—he bowed to the people, and having with much gravity examined the abyss below him, and placed himself in posture for the great leap, suddenly wheeled, and with much activity sprung from the falls. In about half an hour, however, the real Simon Pure appeared on the precipice, dressed lightly, and in white. "There was no mistake." He very coolly looked around on the multitude, and having remained long enough to fasten the attention of the thousands who surrounded him, sprang from the cliff. It was a beautiful leap, and Sam descended like an arrow. He was under the water about five seconds, when he appeared to the many wondering eyes who had witnessed the fete. After a freak or two, he swam on shore, and was received with exultation by the crowd below the falls, when he was met by his wardrobe, a plain sailor's jacket and trowsers, and his great essential, a bottle of St. Croix. Sam bought a bear at Buffalo, which he afterwards, to show that "some things can be done as well as others," threw off the falls, at the same point whence he had taken his surprising leap. The bear came safely down, and swam ashore with as much facility as did his master."

Oliver Watkins was tried at the September Term of the Superior Court in Windsor county, Conn. for the murder of his wife, convicted, and sentenced to be hanged on the 3d Wednesday of May next. The Norfolk Gazette says:—

The trial was held in the Meeting-house at Brooklyn, in the presence of a large assembly called together by the peculiar and aggravated circumstances of the case. Mrs. Watkins, the deceased, was a woman of good character, a professor of religion, and of respectable connexions. Her husband was formerly in good standing, and in the possession of some property. It appeared from the testimony of a daughter of Watkins, who slept in the same room with her parents, that on the night of the murder, the 22d of March last, her father got up suddenly and told her that he believed her mother was dying. He then got a light, went to a closet for a camphor phial, and commenced rubbing the neck of his wife, after which he dressed himself and called his wife's mother, who lived with him, telling her also that he believed his wife was dying. When she came down, she found her cold, with the appearance of having been some time dead. A mark was visible across her neck, doubtless occasioned by a cord drawn with sufficient force to cause instant death. The prisoner had the benefit of able counsel, and it was not until the jury had been a second time out that they could agree upon a verdict of *Guilty*. The trial occupied two days. During the whole time the prisoner evinced an immoveable firmness, not for a moment betraying the least symptom of agitation. A motion in arrest of judgment was overruled, and on Friday, the 16th ult. the prisoner was brought into court, when the sentence of death was pronounced by Judge Bissell. The Courant states that "the address which preceded it was solemn and impressive; almost every one who heard it seemed more affected than the unhappy object of it."

The deceased has left five children, one an infant. Watkins observed after his conviction, that he must have been a great monster to have murdered his wife, for she had never treated him unkindly in her life. An unfortunate acquaintance with another female led to the commission of the crime.

Easton, Pa. Nov. 10.—An accident occurred on Thursday last, in which the coolness, prudence and intrepidity of one of our acquaintance was displayed in the saving of the life of a fellow being. The packet boat Swan was proceeding up the Lehigh with some of the officers of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, and part of a Jury who were proceeding to view some lands overflowed and injured by the works of that company. After the boat had crossed dam No. 8, and was proceeding up the pool, about four miles above this place, where the water was from twelve to fourteen feet deep, something jerked the horse off the tow path, and he and his rider, a lad named Jabez Corey, aged about 16, were thrown into the river. The horse became entangled in his gears, and the boy, who could not swim, thrown from him. [illegible] and horse went about 150 feet ahead of the boat, and there was no means for any of the company to get near them except by the head way which the boat had on it. Before the boat got up to them the boy had sunk, never to rise again by his own exertions. Mr. Abiel Abbott, the agent of the company at South Easton, who was on board, as the boat passed the spot, pulled off his coat, hat and boots, and as the boat came up to the place, observed a bubble rise in the water, and dove in head foremost. He reached the bottom about a yard farther down stream than where the boy was lying—he seized him by his arm, and endeavoured to raise him, which he found he could not do, as he had grasped a stone in both arms, to which he was holding on with a dead grip. He got astride of him, and placing his feet on the bottom of the river, jerked him loose and brought him to the surface, where Joseph Watson, Esq. President of the Company, reached him a pole to support himself, while the lad was dragged on board the boat by the other persons on board.

Although the boy gave signs of returning animation almost as soon as he was taken on board the boat, it was perhaps five minutes before he seemed conscious of what had been done. He then looked up and seeing the horse still in the water, exclaimed, "take care of the horse." At this time they were drawing the horse out by the tow-rope, which they succeeded in doing.

We have understood that at the erection of the dam on the Lehigh, near the mouth of the Saucon creek, Mr. Abbott saved the life of another person, who got into the water and could not swim.—*Northampton Whig.*

Amherst, N. H. Nov. 7.—Williams, the culprit who broke jail in this town, and escaped last summer, was returned thither on Tuesday, under the following circumstances:—In passing through Washington, he stole some articles from the inhabitants—was followed and overtaken in Weare. In attempting to arrest him, the person who seized hold of him for that purpose, was very badly stabbed by him in the abdomen, cutting a gash of four or five inches in length; but it is hoped not so deep as to prove mortal, though his life is endangered by it. A second stab, aimed at a more vital part, failed of its effect by striking a rib bone, or would probably have caused death. The fellow escaped his pursuers, but was taken the next day near the woods in Merrimack. He stoutly resisted, having a knife in each hand, threatening death to all who came within his reach. It is said he is an old offender, and appears to be a desperate character, whose going at large was dangerous to the public. He is now confined in irons.

New-Haven, Conn. November 10.—Three persons were apprehended, on Saturday last, by the activity of Messrs. Ives and Parker, aided by the Vigilant Society, charged with having passed counterfeit bills, principally of the Boston Bank, to a considerable amount, in this vicinity. Monday they were brought up before Mr. Justice Bostwick and committed for want of bail, to await their trial before the Superior Court at the January term. Nearly 3000 dollars in counterfeit bills were found in the possession of the prisoners—consisting of 5s of the Boston Bank; 2s of the Catskill; 2s of the Cumberland, and 10s of the Farmers, and Mechanics, Bank of Albany. The persons had with them a bear and porcupine, which they were carrying about the country to exhibit. Persons in the country, to whom they may have passed spurious money, may recollect them by this circumstance.

ENGLISH ANNUALS.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut street, THE FORGET-ME-NOT, a Christmas and New-Year's present for 1830.

LIST OF THE PLATES.

1. The Spanish Princess.
2. Vignette Title.
3. Place de Jeanne d'Arc Rouen.
4. The Flower Girl of Savoy.
5. The Land Storm.
6. The Exile.
7. The Orphan Family.
8. The Tempting Moment.
9. Undine.
10. Greenwich Hospital.
11. The Improvisatrice.
12. The Death of the Dove.
13. The Shipwreck.
14. The Ghost.

Also, THE JUVENILE FORGET-ME-NOT, a Christmas and New-Year's present for 1830, with 12 splendid engravings on steel.

FRIENDSHIP'S OFFERING, a Christmas and New-Year's present for 1830, with 13 engravings by the first artists.

THE WINTER'S WREATH, for 1830, with 13 splendid engravings. nov. 12—tf

BLANK BOOKS,

OF all descriptions, for sale low, by JOHN GRIGG, 9 North Fourth street. nov 12—3t

NEXT SATURDAY.

THE drawing of the 13th class, Union Canal Lottery, will take place next Saturday. This grand scheme contains prizes of \$30,000, 15,000, 10,000, 5,000, 4,010, ten of 1,000, ten of 800, ten of 500, ten of 400, ten of 300, twenty-nine of 200, &c.

For tickets and shares, all signed by the Managers, apply at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 73 South Third street, first house below Dock. A. M. NUTT.

nov. 12—tf

DAY AFTER TO-MORROW,

THE grand Union Canal Lottery draws in this city, at 4 o'clock, P. M. N. CANFIELD & CO. No. 22 South Third street, will be happy to furnish the following grand capitals to their numerous friends and customers:

1 prize of	\$30,000	10 prizes of	\$600
1	15,000	10	500
1	10,000	10	400
1	5000	10	300
1	4010	29	200
10	1000	31	100

No time should be lost by those who wish a chance for the above splendid prizes. By immediate application at N. Canfield & Co's. you may secure the capitals. nov. 12—tf

6 CAPITALS IN 10 DAYS.

WHO can longer doubt that WEST'S OFFICE, at the N. E. Corner Third and Chesnut, is the place to get the \$30,000 to be drawn on Saturday next?

Combination, 9, 12, 15, the Capital, \$5,000, sold yesterday afternoon, to a gentleman of this city.

SATURDAY, to be drawn in this city, at 4, P. M. \$30,000, 15,000, 10,000, 5,000, and others amounting to over \$273,000. Tickets on the very best terms, at WEST'S, Corner Off.

nov. 12—3t

Turner's New Dramatic Repository, NO. 9 ARCADE.

AT this establishment, may be had the new Tragedy of Caswallon; Richelieu, The Tempest; Jane Shore; Isabella; Virginius; Bertram; Damon and Pythias; Richard III; Macbeth; Coriolanus; Pizarro; George Barnwell; Cato; Fair Penitent; Brutus; Julius Cæsar; Much ado About Nothing; Master's Rival; Married Bachelor, &c. and all the popular acting Tragedies, Comedies, Operas, Farces, &c. &c.

Also, Elton's New Comic Song Books, containing all the popular and admired songs of Sloman, Dixon, Andrews, Roberts, and all the choice Spirits of the Age, The Side Cracker; Tippy; Brown's Comic Songster, New Medley of Sentimental and Comic Songs; Theatrical Budgets, Terpsichorious; Sloman's and Dixon's Drolleries, &c. &c. nov. 12—tf

TOKEN 1830.

PUBLISHED this day, and for sale by GEORGE W. DONOHUE, No. 190 SOUTH SECOND STREET, the TOKEN for 1830, embellished with thirteen elegant engravings, and handsomely bound in silk and embossed leather.

Also for sale as above, the POETICAL WORKS OF THOMAS MOORE, including his Melodies, ballads, &c. complete, in one octavo Volume.

oct. 23—3t

From the New-York Journal of Commerce of yesterday. Second Edition.—Two o'clock, P. M.

FURTHER FROM COLOMBIA.—By the brig Medina, Capt. Beekman, we have received Bogota papers to September 27th, and Carthagena to October 11th, inclusive.

CARTHAGENA, Oct. 11.—Nothing important is known as yet, concerning Antioquia. It is said that the rebel Cordova has cut off all communication with Saragosta. Really, it is laughable to talk of confining within a small circle a revolution intended, according to the representations of its leader, for the whole nation.

On the 6th of August, Bolivar was in Guayaquil, waiting for the meeting of the Deputies appointed to establish a definitive treaty of peace. The preliminary Convention, it will be recollected, was celebrated on the 16th of July. The armistice was to continue 60 days. "We confidently expect," says the Gazette, "that this desired arrangement will be effected; for the Liberator, as usual, is not disposed to demand any thing more than strict justice."

The amount of silver and gold coined at Bogota in 1826–7–and 8, was \$3,339,367.

CONNEXION OF THE ATLANTIC WITH THE PACIFIC.—Says a Bogota paper, "The topographical Commission [illegible] the obstacles which oppose the opening of a communication between the Atlantic and the Pacific through the Isthmus of Panama, have informed the government that in their opinion one considerable difficulty has vanished, in the discovery *that the two seas prove the same level*; but notwithstanding this, they consider the enterprise as not very easy to be accomplished. The present mode of communication would perhaps be preferable. The navigation of the river Chagres being improved by means of steam boats, and a road constructed from Cruces to Panama, which is scarcely seven leagues, and can be made passable for carriages, the course to the Pacific would be very short. Even as the case is at present, Senor Hurtado, going with his family as far as Panama, has travelled from Jamaica to Buenaventura, (Popayan,) in only twenty days. Whatever may be the mode, the government of the Republic is disposed to encourage the projects which may be presented to facilitate the said communications across the Isthmus, and will give to the undertaking all the favor in their power, which shall be compatible with the security and defence of the country."

FROM NEW ORLEANS.—By the ship Talma, Capt. Dennis, we have received New Orleans papers to Oct. 22d inclusive.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—On the afternoon of the 19th, John P. Payson, commission merchant, David B. Farr, Thomas Hills, and P. J. M'Dermott, clerks, were unfortunately drowned, while on an aquatic excursion in the sailboat Lady of the Lake. This distressing accident was occasioned by the upsetting of the boat—Mr. Payson was a married man, and his lady was shortly expected from the north. He and two others of the party had lived together on the most intimate and friendly terms—they were seldom out of each other's company.

How melancholy the reflection (says the N. O. Courier) to those who knew them only as acquaintance, and how much more painful to her who comes, after a long separation, with the sanguine expectation of meeting a fond and affectionate husband! Several persons went immediately to their assistance with boats; but, with the exception of Mr. Hills, who swam for some time, none of them were seen after their first disappearance.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22, 4 o'clock, P. M.

A number of Spanish officers arrived this day on board the Cahawba, in nine days from Tampico. Provisions were so scarce that they were obliged to leave the place.

Gen. Barradas is still here, and will probably be able to obtain a sufficient number of transports to take his troops from Tampico to Havana; as within the last three or four days, a large number of vessels have arrived.

A passenger in the Correo reports that the schooners Hound and Eclipse, both of New Orleans, were lost in the same gale. The U. S. sloop of war Hornet was dismasted in the late gale, at the bar of Tampico.

We respectfully inform our friends that the grand capital prize of ten thousand dollars, was sold by us, in a whole ticket, on Tuesday last, in the New York Lottery. The gentleman who purchased the same, is invited to call either at 30½ South Third street, or 130 Broadway, New York. The money will be paid on presentation, as is the case with all Yates & M'Intyre's Lotteries. SYLVESTERS.

The Union Canal Lottery will be drawn next Saturday. Capital prize \$30,000. nov. 12—tf

Hooper's Medical Dictionary,

THE new edition, is just published, and for sale by J. GRIGG,

nov. 12—tf 9 North Fourth street.

New Work on Equity.

JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, will publish early in December, a popular Treatise on Equity, on the Basis of Fonblanque. nov 12—3t

H. S. TANNER,

HAS removed his Map Store from the corner of Seventh and Chesnut streets, to No. 144 Chesnut street, opposite the Theatre. nov. 12—dtf

LONDON ANNUALS, FOR 1830.

JUST received the following elegant English Annuals, for 1830, viz:—

Ackermann's Forget-Me-Not, for 1830, with 12 splendid Illustrations.

Friendship's Offering, for 1830, 13 Fine Engravings.

Winter's Wreath, for 1830, 13 Engravings from steel.

Juvenile Keepsake, for 1830, 10 Engravings.

ALSO,

The Atlantic Souvenir, with 12 Engravings from steel, elegantly bound.

The Token, 13 do. bound in silk.

The Pearl, 8 do. do.

And for sale by S. HART,

65 S. Third street, opposite Girard's Bank.

nov. 12—tf

ENGLISH ANNUALS.

JUST received and for sale by THOMAS T. ASH, Ackermann's Forget-Me-Not, for 1830, 14 Splendid Engravings.

The Winter's Wreath, for 1830, 13 do.

Friendship's Offering, for 1830, do do.

ALSO,

The Token, Atlantic Souvenir, Talisman, Pearl, and Juvenile Forget-Me-Not, for 1830. nov. 12—tf

ENGLISH ANNUALS, FOR 1830.

JUST received and for sale by JOHN GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street.

The Forget-Me-Not, a Christmas and New Year's present, for 1830.

Friendship's Offering, a Christmas and New Year's present, for 1830.

The Winter's Wreath, for 1830.

Also, for sale as above, The Atlantic Souvenir, for 1828, 9 and 30.

The Talisman, for 1828 and 1830.

The Token, for 1828, 1829 and 1830.

The Pearl, for 1830.

All of which, with a very extensive assortment of all the late new works in the various departments of Literature, will be sold very cheap. nov. 12—d4t

LONDON ANNUALS, FOR 1830.

ACKERMANN'S Forget-Me-Not; The Winter's Wreath; Friendship's Offering; The Juvenile Forget-Me-Not; each with numerous splendid Embellishments, are received by the subscriber.

Also, The Atlantic Souvenir, The Token, The Talisman, and the Pearl. R. H. HOBSON,

147 Chesnut street, opposite the U. S. Bank.

nov. 12—1t

NO. 95 CHESNUT STREET.

CASH.

20 30 37. THE Capital Prize of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS was sold by HIRON & CO. in a Whole Ticket.

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The drawing of the Union Canal Lottery will take place in this city, on Saturday next. The capital prizes are

1 of	\$30,000
1	15,000
1	10,000

and 1 of 5000, 1 of 4000, and 10 of 1000. Those who are disposed to buy are invited to call on HIROE & CO. 95 Chesnut street, who have sold a large proportion of the capital prizes during the last six months. Tickets \$10, shares in proportion. nov. 12—3t

FROM COLOMBIA.

New York, Nov. 11.—By the arrival of the brig Medina, Sullivan, from Carthagena, advices are received from that place to the 15th ult. inclusive, and from Bogota to the 27th.

It is stated that the insurgent general Cordova meets with much discouragement. He endeavored to force a levy of troops, including all men between 14 and 50 years of age, in order to march with a thousand men against Cauca, but obtained only 200. The city of Antioquia refused him admittance, but the province appears to be overrun by him.

A still later account informs us that General O'Leary had advanced to Nare, which restored the communication with the Magdelena; and that he was moving on into the interior of the province. It is said that he had 4000 men under his command. General Urdanetta, the minister of war, had established his head quarters at Honda, about seventeen leagues from Bogota, with all his disposable force. Some apprehensions were entertained in that capital. It was expected that Gen. Obando, commander of the province of Pasto, would join Cordova. The constitution proclaimed by Cordova, is that of Cucuta, the first constitution of Columbia.

A decree had been issued by the Colombian Government, a few days before the sailing of the Medina, allowing vessels of war and merchant *ships* to take \$1000 each out of the country *free of duty; brigs* \$500 do.; and each passenger \$100 to \$300, according to their rank.

The young Duke of Montebello sailed from Carthagena in the British Packet, for France, via Jamaica and England.

Mr. Moore, our Minister to Colombia, arrived with his suite at Bogota, on the 20th September. General Harrison was expected at Carthagena the last of October, where, it was said, he would wait the return of the sloop of war Natchez, from Rio Janeiro, to embark for the United States.

The Medina brought \$31,500 in specie, for sundry merchants of this city.

MARRIED.

At Friends' Meeting House, Pine street, on the 11th inst. CALEB JOHNSON, to SUSANNA, daughter of Isaac W. Morris, all of this city.

At Washington, on Monday last, by the Rev. Wm. A. [illegible], Dr. WILLIAM L. WHARTON, of the United States' Army, to Miss ELEANOR JONES, second daughter of Col. David Brearly, of Washington city.

On the 3d inst. in the vicinity of Evansburg, by the Rev. J. C. Clay, Mr. MARMADUKE BUSH, of Philadelphia, to Miss REBECCA M., youngest daughter of Mr. William Casselberry, Esq. of the former place.

On Thursday morning, 12th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Livingston, Mr. A. V. THOMPSON, of Boston, to the amiable Miss HARRIET BOOTS, of this city.

DIED.

Yesterday morning, ROWLAND RODGERS, of Baltimore, Courier, in the 33d year of his age. His friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, to-morrow afternoon, (Friday,) at 3 o'clock, without further notice, from No. 32 Strawberry street.

On Wednesday, the 11th inst. in the 33d year of her age, Mrs. ISABELLA CAMPBELL, wife of Mr. James Campbell. Her friends and acquaintances are particularly requested to attend her funeral, to-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 131 Queen street, below Third.

On the 12th inst. Mr. CHARLES BEYETA, aged about 50 years. His friends and acquaintances are particularly invited to attend his funeral, from 168 Front street, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

ALMANACK.

1829. NOVEMBER.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER.	MOON'S PHASES.
12 Thursday	7 5	4 55	2 5	[illegible]
13 Friday	7 5	4 57	2 41	[illegible]
14 Saturday	7 4	4 56	3 56	[illegible]
15 Sunday	7 5	4 55	4 5	[illegible]
16 Monday	7 6	4 54	5 30	[illegible]
17 Tuesday	7 7	4 53	6 43	[illegible]
18 Wednesday	7 8	4 52	7 50	[illegible]

A Special Meeting of the PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY for the Promotion of the Abolition of Slavery, &c. will be held this evening at the usual place, at 7 o'clock. THOMAS RIDGWAY, Sec'y.

UNION LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam Boat Newcastle, Captain Jenkins, leaves Chesnut street wharf every morning, at half past six o'clock. The public are respectfully informed that passengers by this line arrive in either city before dark. nov. 3—1y

CITIZENS' CANAL LINE TO BALTIMORE.—Steam boat Norfolk, Capt. R. H. Barr, departs from Arch street wharf every morning, at half past 6 o'clock. The public are respectfully informed that the barges pass through the Canal, between this and Baltimore, daily. sept. 19—tf

POETRY OF THE HEBREWS.

JUST received and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, Lectures on the Sacred Poetry of the Hebrews, by Robert Lowth, D. D. Lord Bishop of London, translated from the original Latin, by G. Gregory, F. A. S. a new edition, with notes by Calvin E. Stowe, A. M. nov. 11—4t

CHECK BOOKS.

A VARIETY of CHECK BOOKS & BLANK CHECKS, unbound, for sale at paper and print cost, at 74 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

nov. 11—6t

MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY.

THE members of the MUSICAL FUND SOCIETY and the public, are respectfully informed that the twentieth concert, for the benefit of the fund, will take place at their Hall, on Thursday, the 26th of November.

The performing members, and assisting visitors, are respectfully requested to give punctual attendance at the following rehearsals:

On Thursday, the 12th inst. at half past 7 P. M.

On Thursday, 19th do.

and at the general rehearsal, on the Wednesday previous to the concert, at 2 o'clock P. M., to which members can be admitted by exhibiting their tickets at the door. W. H. W. DARLEY, Sec'y. M. F. S.

nov. 11—dtf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Friday, November 13th, 1829, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the residence of Samuel E. Howell, on the Point Road, one mile above the United States Arsenal, a quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Sideboard, Looking Glass, Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Beds, Bedding, Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, &c.—Also, a quantity of Farming Utensils, one Waggon, Cart, two Gigs, Horses, Cows, a quantity of Grain, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Samuel E. Howell, and to be sold by GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, November 6, 1829.

nov. 6—3t

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be sold, at Public Vendue, on Monday, November 30, 1829, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the Merchants' Coffee House,

All that certain Messuage, Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in the Township of Moreland, in the County of Philadelphia, bounded and described according to a Survey made thereof by John Fenlirod, Surveyor, dated the 11th day of September, 1829, as followeth, to wit:—Beginning at a corner of Joseph Wright's Land, and in a line of John Watts' Land; thence extending by land of said John Watts, and land of John Jones, south fifty one degrees thirty minutes, east one hundred and sixty perches to a stone set for a corner; thence by other land, Seneca Fox, north thirty nine degrees, east one hundred and thirty one perches and five-tenths of a perch to a stone set for a corner, thence by land of William Yillyer, land of Thomas Beans, and other land of the said William Yillyer, north fifty degrees thirty minutes, west one hundred and eighty perches and fifty-eight hundredths of a perch to a stone set for a corner, thence by land of Jacob Benner, the six following courses and distances, to wit:—South thirty-nine degrees, west twenty eight perches and three tenths of a perch to a stone set for a corner; thence south fifty-one degrees thirty minutes, east twenty-seven perches to a stone set for a corner; thence south thirty-nine degrees thirty minutes, west sixty-eight perches and twenty eight hundredths of a perch to a stone set for a corner; thence south fifty degrees and a half, east four perches and eight tenths of a perch to a stone; thence south forty four degrees and a half, west four perches and seventy-two hundredths of a perch to a corner; thence south fifty degrees and a half, west four perches and forty-four hundredths of a perch to a stone set for a corner, on the side of the Welsh Road and thence by land of the said Joseph Wright, south forty-nine degrees, west thirty-two perches and four-tenths of a perch to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and thirty three acres and eighteen perches of land, more or less, being the same premises which Seneca Fox and wife conveyed to Ralph Wheelock Pomeroy, by Indenture, bearing date the first day of April, in the year eighteen hundred and twenty five, Recorded in the Office for Recording Deeds for the City and County of Philadelphia, in Deed Book, G. W. R. No. 7, page 555, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Ralph Wheelock Pomeroy, and to be sold by GEORGE REES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Philadelphia, Nov. 12, 1829.

nov. 12—3t

Sales at Auction.

BY HILL, FORD & CO. 20 NORTH FRONT STREET.

CARD.—[illegible]

Package Sale of British Dry Goods.

To-morrow morning, at [illegible]

150 Packages, [illegible] comprising a general assortment of [illegible]

London Superfine Cloths.

Also, 100 pieces London superfine [illegible]

English Lace Goods.

Also, a large and splendid invoice of [illegible]

BY S. F. ALLEN, [illegible] 73 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS.

On Saturday morning, at half past 9 o'clock, [illegible]

BY GILLINGHAM, MITCHELL & [illegible] NORTH SECOND STREET, [illegible]

NOTICE.—In order to give time [illegible]

CARD.—[illegible]

The above goods are from the [illegible]

Also, by catalogue, [illegible]

Superfine Cloths and [illegible]

PACKAGE SALE.

To-morrow morning, [illegible]

CARPETINGS.

2 bales superfine ingrain carpetings, 1 do. do. Venitians.

Also, 8 bales [illegible]

BY LIPPINCOTT & [illegible] 34 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

To-morrow morning, [illegible]

8 cases Bengal Indigo, 1 cases [illegible]

Also, 500 demijohns, [illegible]

Also, at 11 o'clock, [illegible]

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, [illegible]

COFFEE.—[illegible]

LEMONS.—[illegible]

BY T. B. FREEMAN & SON, AUCTION MART, 8 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

To-morrow morning, at 10 o'clock, will be sold, in the yard adjoining the ware room, 165 South Second street,

The remaining stock of mahogany plank, [illegible] &c. Terms at sale.

On Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at No. 109 Market street, by order of an assignee,

The complete fixtures of a hat store, and a variety of hats, caps, &c.

On Monday morning, 16th inst. at 10 o'clock, at the Philadelphia Arcade, will be sold, by catalogue,

The most valuable collection of Oil Paintings, in elegant gilt frames, ever offered in this city.

Among which are the Money Changer, [illegible] finished by Rembrandt, several very fine Portraits by Mandeville, Italian Landscapes, [illegible] pieces by Claude, Breughel, Wouvermans, Vandervelde, Van Oase and Vander Meulen; [illegible] Crucifixion by Franck, Grecian Daughter [illegible] pieces by Paul Potter and Berg[illegible], Lambrecht, Interior of a Cathedral by [illegible], Peasants, Village Amusement, [illegible] from Teniers; Flight into Egypt by [illegible], Ancient Ruins by Van Verf, Battle Pieces by [illegible], Still Life by Cuyp and Snyders, Scripture Pieces by [illegible], Madonna, beautiful copy from Raphael, &c.

GEORGE F. BONNIN, AUCTIONEER, No. 85 Queen street, Southwark.

Real Estate.—Southwark Property.

On Saturday, November 14th, 1829, at 11½ o'clock, A. M., on the premises, will be sold,

All that lot or piece of ground situate on the South side of South or Cedar street, at the distance of about one hundred and [illegible] feet six inches westward from Delaware Second street, containing in breadth East and West fifteen feet six inches, and in length or depth North and South fifty eight feet six inches, with the good frame tenement erected thereon, having a good cellar and cellar kitchen.

This property is very desirable, being near to the market, and is now occupied as a tavern, the whole has lately undergone a thorough repair.

A considerable part of the purchase money may remain on mortgage, clear of ground rent and all other incumbrances; immediate possession can be given.—Further particulars at the time of sale.

Real Estate.—Southwark Property.

On Tuesday, November 17th, 1829, at 4 o'clock P. M. On the premises, will be sold,

All that lot or piece of ground and frame messuage thereon erected, (in the yard is a new frame Carpenter's shop over the wood shed) situate on the east side of Moyamensing Road, at the distance of one hundred and ninety-eight feet southward of Wharton street; containing in width or breadth sixteen feet six inches, and extending in length or depth from the said Moyamensing Road, between lines parallel with said Wharton street, eastwardly on the north side thereof about one hundred and twenty-four feet seven inches, and on the south side thereof about one hundred and twenty-seven feet five inches to a twenty feet Alley, subject to a ground rent of twenty-two dollars per annum, clear of all other incumbrances; title indisputable.

Terms and conditions at sale.

Manufacturers' Market,

Nos. 13 and 15 NORTH WATER STREET.

EVERY *WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY AFTERNOON*, will be arranged for *PRIVATE SALE*.

A large and general assortment of *AMERICAN MANUFACTURED GOODS*, comprising all the varieties made in the city and neighbourhood, with an assortment of *AMERICAN PRINTED CALICOES*.

Also, a quantity of *BRITISH* and *CANTON GOODS*.

BOOKS AND STATIONARY.

THE Stock of J. MORTIMER, No. 74 South Second Street, consisting of English Publications, Childrens' Books, a great variety of Pamphlets, Counting House Blanks, Seamens' Journals, Cargo Books, Bank Checks, &c. &c. is selling off under prime cost. Apply immediately, 74 South Second Street. nov. 11—6t

TURNER'S
NEW DRAMATIC REPOSITORY,
NO. 9 ARCADE.

AT this establishment may be had CUMBERLAND'S BRITISH THEATRE, and TURNER'S AMERICAN STAGE, including nearly all the popular Tragedies, Comedies, Operas, &c., embellished with full length portraits of the most distinguished performers, and upwards of 150 of the most interesting scenes, with memoirs, biographical and critical; and embracing the whole of the stage business, costumes, &c. &c. to which will be added all the standard and new pieces published in London and America.

A few copies of the very best editions for prompt books.

JUST PUBLISHED Manfredo; or the Dumb Girl of Portsmouth; Simon's Rival; Devil's Elixir; Earthquake; My Old Women; The Married Bachelor; Amboyna Outwitted; Father and Daughter; All at Coventry; Elbow Shakers; New Just Going Engaged; or the Merry Days of Charles II; Twa and Twenty, &c. &c.

THE FOOTLIGHT, or Art of Acting, embellished with engravings, and a Portrait of Hodgkinson, Memoirs of Mrs. Jordan, Charles Kemble, &c.

ALSO A NEW COMIC SONG BOOK, containing "The Sweepers," "My Eye and Betty Martin"—Bobbin Secure, and Pretty Mouth, &c. &c. Bonnie's and Dixon's Dodsley; Wonder's Perpetuana, and a variety of Song Books, &c. &c.

Portraits of Public Characters, Theatrical Portraits and Scenes, Portraitures, Costumes, &c. Elegant Views, indian' working patterns, &c. &c.

The Music will be supplied on liberal terms.

nov. 8—tf

THE AMERICAN
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DAILY make INSURANCE on property of every description, from LOSS or DAMAGE BY FIRE, on terms as reasonable and LIBERAL as any similar institution in the United States.

Application at the Office, No. 101 CHESNUT STREET, either personally or by letter, promptly decided on. JOB HAGON, Secretary.

nov 7—4

TO MANUFACTURERS.

THE Subscribers having the Agency for the sale of MACHINE CARDS, will execute Orders, and have them delivered in the City free of expense, viz, from the Manufactories of W. WHITTEMORE & Co., J. & J. S. SMITH & Co., ISAAC SOUTHGATE & Co., SILAS EARLE, PLENY EARLE, and JONES & WOOD, all of Massachusetts.

They also keep on hand an extensive assortment of SHEET and FILLET CARDS, together with WHITTEMORE'S, SMITH'S SARGEANT'S, & EARLE'S HAND CARDS, both for Cotton and Wool. Apply at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market street, Philadelphia. G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE.

Comb Plate, Cleaning Combs, Fullers' Jacks, may also be had of them. july 12—diy

MEDICAL BOOKS.

TO PHYSICIANS.—Just published by JOHN GRIGG, No 9 North Fourth street A Manual of the Elements of Operative Surgery; arranged so as to connect and separate description of the present state of the science in Paris. From the French of A. Tavernier, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris, late Surgeon of the third regiment of Artillery, &c. &c. &c. By B. D. Green, M. D.

For sale as above, Mackenzie's Five Thousand Receipts, in all the useful and domestic Arts, constituting a complete and universal practical library and operative Cyclopædia. From a new and enlarged London copy, just received from England. With numerous and important additions, among which will be found the medical part, carefully revised, corrected, and adapted to the climate of the United States, by an American Physician.

nov. 9—tf

EXPLANATION.

SO many prizes have been sold by SYLVESTER, in the Union Canal Lottery, particularly when the capitals have exceeded twenty thousand dollars, that many persons have desisted buying, because they thought the new business entered into by Sylvester, had caused him to put aside the selling of tickets. This, in some measure, is correct: but his brother, who has been equally successful at 130 Broadway, New York, has now as a clerk at 30½ South Third street, Philadelphia, where he hopes to see all those who desire to be the possessors of thirty thousand dollars, for such is the capital prize in the present scheme.

S. SYLVESTER,
nov. 9— 30½ south Third street.

ENGLISH BOOKS.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut streets,

Conversations on Botany, coloured plates.
Dubois' Epitome of Lamarcke's Conchology.
Woodward's Conchology, coloured plates.
Magee's Treatise on Insects prevalent in Fruit Trees.
Stuart on Steam Engines, 2 vols plates.
Galloway on the Steam Engine.
Dictionary of Chemical and Philosophical apparatus.
Huber on Bees.
Hutton's Wonders of Nature and Art.
Whims and Oddities 2d Series, plates. nov. 11—tf

JAMES CLARK

OFFERS for sale, at No. 137 South Front street, a variety of Books, Paper and Stationary. Also Blank, Plate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Red and Black Ink, Ink Powders, Ink Stands, Wafers and Sealing Wax, Bills of Lading, Shipping Articles, Manifests, Seamen's Journals, &c.

Patent Blank Books ruled to any pattern, and bound in a superior style as above, or at the Bindery, over No. 25 Market street.

Rags taken in exchange for any of the above articles.

sept. 30—6m

CASWALLON.

JUST published by NEAL & MACKENZIE, No. 101 Chesnut street, between the Theatre and Arcade, Caswallon, a Tragedy, by E. A Walser, author of Wallace, or the hero of Scotland, &c. &c.

Also, the Opera of Der Freischutz, as performed by the French Company.

As above, Beggar's Opera; John of Paris; Tempest; Euthelion; Fair Penitent; Jane Shore, &c. &c.

A variety of new Comic Songs, among which is that of the Poachers, as sung by Mr. Andrews. The poke bonnets are now all the order, London Newspapers or Cross Reading, Large Bushy Whiskers, Sweet Kitty Clover, Betsey Baker—all as sung by Mr. Sloman.

nov. 11—tf

GENTLEMAN'S REMEMBRANCER.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART,

The Gentleman's Annual Pocket Remembrancer, for the year 1830.

Also, Book of the Boudoir, by Lady Morgan.
Collingwood's Correspondence.
Memoir of Kennet.
Encyclopedia Americana, vol. 1.
Devereux, Pelham, Discovered, &c. &c. nov 6—tf

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE LECTURES.

THE courses of Lectures to be delivered before the Institute during the ensuing season, will commence at their Hall as follows:—

On Monday evening, the 9th inst at 7½ o'clock, by Professor Franklin Roche, a Lecture introductory to his course on Chemistry, as connected with the Arts

On Wednesday evening, the 11th inst. at 7½ o'clock, by Professor W. R. Johnson, a lecture introductory to his course on Mechanics and Natural Philosophy, and

On Saturday evening, the 14th inst. at 7½ o'clock, by P. A. Browne, Esq. a lecture introductory to his course of volunteer lectures on Geology.

nov. 7—tf

NOTICE.

WHEREAS BERNARD GALLAGHER, of the city of Philadelphia, Grocer, did on the 15th day of October, sth, execute an assignment of all his estate, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers in trust, among other things for the benefit of such of his creditors as should sign or before the 30th day of November, 1829, execute and deliver to the said Bernard Gallagher, a full, absolute and entire release of their claims and demands against him.

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the said Bernard Gallagher, to make payment, and those having claims against him to present the same to A. Rudolph and J. R. Vodges, at their office, No. 108 south Fourth street, where the assignment may be seen and the release executed.

WILLIAM CHAMBERLAIN, Assignee.

nov. 3—2w

TOWER-PROOF MUSKETS.

1200 WARRANTED Tower-proof Muskets, with and without Bayonets, suitable to the hunter, and at private sale, by

GILLINGHAM, MITCHELL & CO.

oct. 22—1m

THOMAS T. HOGG & CO.
SIGN PAINTERS.
AND IMITATORS OF WOOD, &C.
NOS. 32 & 33 ARCADE.

july 22—tf

THOMAS DESILVER, JR.

BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, No. 247 Market street—parent rolling, blank and fancy binding, neatly executed. June 18—tf

GILLIE'S GREECE,

IN 1 vol. 8vo. with Maps, &c. complete, is just published and for sale by

JOHN GRIGG,
nov. 11—3t No. 9 North Fourth street.

WANTED.

ONE or two steady boys, to whom liberal wages will be given. Apply at No. 2 Hartung's Alley. nov. 11—4t

WANTED.

A SMART active boy, 13 or 14 years of age, to attend a Lottery Office. Apply at No. 73 North Fifth street. nov. 10—3t

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

THE following Real Estate, the property of the late Abraham Hunt, Esq. deceased, will be sold without reserve, on Monday, the 16th day of November next—Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. Many of the lots are on the principal streets in the city of Trenton, (N. Jersey,) and are the most eligible situations for stores and public business in the place.

No. 1. The brick mansion house, stores and lot in Trenton, where the said Abraham formerly lived. This property offers the best situation for business in the place, lying in the most public part of the town, and has a front of 67 feet on the main street, (Warren,) and 164 feet on Second street. The lot will be divided according to a plan that will be shown on the day of sale.

No. 2. The house and lot on the south east corner of Second and Warren streets. The lot begins near the Market House and runs 94 feet on Second street, to the corner, thence down Warren street, 36 feet, and is 94 feet deep from Warren. This lot will also be divided.

No. 3. The house and lot, adjoining No. 2, fronting 18 feet on Warren, and 94 feet deep.

No. 4. The house and lot, adjoining No. 3, fronting 12 feet 7 inches on Warren, 94 feet deep.

No. 5. The house and lot, adjoining No. 4, fronting 12½ feet on Warren, 94 feet deep.

No. 6. The house and lot, adjoining No. 5, fronting 17 feet on Warren, 94 feet deep.

No. 7. The house and lot, adjoining No. 6, and also adjoining the Trenton Bank, fronting 17 feet on Warren, 94 feet deep.

No. 8. A lot with three small buildings, adjoining the Trenton Bank, fronting 34 feet on Warren, and 73 feet deep. This lot will be divided.

No. 9. A lot adjoining No. 7, fronting 23 feet on Warren, and 73 feet deep.

No. 10. The lot and stable on the corner of Warren and Front streets, fronting 25 feet on Warren, and 73 feet on Front.

No. 11. A brick house and lot on Warren street, fronting 27 feet and 96 feet deep.

No. 12. A brick house and lot adjoining No. 11, fronting 17 feet on Warren, 96 feet deep.

No. 13. The brick stable and lot, on Second street, having a front of 42 feet, and 119 feet deep.

No. 14. Four lots on Front street, in the rear of No. 13, each of them fronting 46 feet and 131 feet deep.

No. 15. A lot on the corner of Second and Willow streets, 57 feet on Second, 70 feet on Willow.

No. 16. A number of lots lying in the vicinity of Trenton, which will be sold separately.

No. 17. A tract of land containing about 26 acres, lying within 2 miles from Trenton, near the White Horse tavern, and between the turnpike roads leading to New Brunswick.

No. 18. A farm in the township of Nottingham, Burlington county, about one mile from Trenton, on the road to Allentown, containing 131 acres more or less, in a high state of improvement. On the premises are a brick dwelling house, kitchen, barn and other out buildings—this farm rents the present year for $400.

No. 19. A lot of land near the White Horse Tavern, about 4 miles from Trenton, containing 25 acres.

No. 20. The wharf and store house at Lamb tion, on the Delaware river, now in the occupation of I. E. Smith. Also, a house and lot opposite the store house.

Also, at the same time, a number of ground rents, well secured on valuable property in Trenton. A particular statement will be given on the day of sale.

Also, shares in the Princeton and Kingston Branch Turnpike Company.

This sale offers a favorable opportunity for the investment of capital—the greater part of the real estate being so situated as to command the highest rents. Purchasers will be expected to pay one fourth part of the purchase money immediately, or give approved paper payable in 60 days, with interest, the remainder to be paid in two instalments, one at 9 the other at 12 months, and to be secured by mortgage on the property. The title will be made on payment of one fourth part of the purchase money, and the present leases on the property then transferred to the purchasers.

Sale will take place at the house of Joseph W. Vancleve, Trenton, New Jersey. WILSON HUNT,
Surviving Executor of Abraham Hunt, dec'd

oct. 20—dts

LAFAYETTE OFFICE,
NO. 33 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS is the capital prize in the UNION CANAL LOTTERY, 13th class, to be drawn at the Arcade on

SATURDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 14,

beside which, one of $15,000, one of 10,000, one of 5,000, one of 4,010,

TEN OF ONE THOUSAND,
TEN OF SIX HUNDRED,
TEN OF FIVE HUNDRED,
TEN OF FOUR HUNDRED,
TEN OF THREE HUNDRED,
TWENTY-NINE OF TWO HUNDRED, &c.

Whole Tickets $10, shares in proportion. A liberal deduction will be made to our customers.

CLINTON & CO.
LAFAYETTE OFFICE,
No. 33 South Third street, Philadelphia.

It will be recollected that we sold six of the capitals in the last Union, and have never missed selling a share of the prizes in former ones. nov. 7—tf

COOPER'S NEW NOVEL.

THIS day is published and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, the Wept of Wish-ton Wish, by the author of the Spy, Red Rover, &c.

ALSO,

Cooper's Novels complete, fine edition.
Byron's Works, do. 1 vol.
Moore's do. do. do.
Southey's do. do. do.
Wordsworth's Works, do. do. nov. 7—tf

PARENTS—CHILDREN.

YOUNG Gentlemen should request their Parents when in want of CAPS or STOCKS, to call at the Manufacturers' Store, 12 South Third Street—The very handsome and superior OTTER CAPS are for sale at reasonable prices, and they are made of most durable materials. STOCKS of every kind, from 50 cts. to one dollar.

SYLVESTERS, BROTHERS & CO.
Opposite Mechanics' Bank.

Caps repaired or made to order at four hours' notice. nov. 7—tf

Office, No. 135 Chesnut Street,
(SECOND DOOR ABOVE FOURTH STREET.)
FULLER & BARSTOW,
LOTTERY AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

OFFER for sale Tickets and Shares, in all authorized Lotteries on the most reasonable terms; 3, 10, 57, a prize of $150, sold at this office yesterday. Those who wish to reap a rich harvest, will please give their attention to the splendid Union Canal lottery, to be drawn in this city on Saturday, the 14th Nov. 1829.—60 number Lottery—9 drawn ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	51 prizes of	$100
1	15,000	51	90
1	10,000	51	80
1	5,000	51	70
1	4,010	102	60
10	1,000	102	50
10	600	102	40
10	500	204	30
10	400	1122	20
10	300	11475	10
29	200		

Tickets $10, Halves $5. Quarters $2 50, Eighths $1 25. For sale at FULLER & BARSTOW'S, nov. 5—tf 135 Chesnut street.

30,000 DOLLARS.

THE 13th Class of the UNION CANAL LOTTERY, will be drawn on Saturday, the 14th instant, when the following Prizes will be distributed:—

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$30,000	51 Prizes of	$100
1	15,000	51	90
1	10,000	51	80
1	5,000	51	70
1	4010	102	60
10	1000	102	50
10	600	102	40
10	500	204	30
10	400	1122	20
10	300	11475	10
29	200		

Whole Tickets, $10—Halves, $5—Quarters, $2 50 Eighths, $1 25.

For sale at MALLON'S Office, No. 81 North Fifth street nov. 3—dtf I. W. MALLON.

CORNELIUS DEWEES,

ORNAMENTAL CARVER and GILDER, No. 81 Prune street, opposite the Navy Yard, Southwark, manufacturer Gilt, Mantle, Pier, Portrait, Picture and Needle Work Frames, in the first style of elegance and fashion, at the shortest notice, and lowest prices.

Country orders attended to, and packed in the best manner. N. B. Two smart lads wanted as apprentices. oct. 27—1m*

New Map of the United States.

THIS day is published and for sale at the Map Store, corner of Seventh and Chesnut street, A New Map of the United States, together with a memoir on the materials used in its construction, by H. S. Tanner.

The Map is projected on a scale of 50 miles to an inch, contains the recent Surveys adjusted by late astronomical observations, new Counties, Towns, Canals, Rail Roads, &c. to which are added thirty three supplemental plans of Cities, Topographical Maps, and Profiles of Canals. The Memoir contains, in addition to a detailed account of the new information, a brief statement of the length, width, number of locks, course, accents and descents of all the most important Canals in the United States and Canada. aug. 25—tf

CHEAP UNION CANAL TICKETS.

CHEAP! CHEAP!!—Cheaper than any other office in the city or county of Philadelphia—MANLY & CO. have sold more prizes than any other office in the county of Philadelphia.—MANLY & CO. sell Union Tickets 10 per cent. cheaper than the offices up town.

13 27 42,	(sold to a lady,)	$10,000
35 38 48,		10,000
8 58 60,		6000
3 8 28,		1000
14 15 51,		600

Besides 4 of 2000, 6 of 1000, &c. nov. 10—d5t

MERCANTILE ACADEMY.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen that he continues to give lessons on Penmanship, in a superior style to any other taught in this city, and to write with double the facility of any other system taught in the Union. Specimens of improvement will warrant the above. From twelve to thirty lessons will enable a person to write a good bold hand, and three lessons will show the great utility of this system over all others.

N. B. His rooms are open from 6, A. M., to 10, P. M. Ladies write in a separate room. Evening classes for ladies and gentlemen are open.

BOOK-KEEPING.

He also informs that he has completed his new treatise on Book-keeping, and its superiority over all other systems is fully tested by Merchants and Book-keepers of the first taste; his system and perfect instructible manner of instruction will enable his students to acquire in from 10 to 20 Lessons generally, a superior knowledge of the science. His long practice in teaching and faithful study, together with the examination of more than one hundred sets of books, in the first counting-houses in this city, enable him to give a superior form of Books, and most extensive explanation on this very important science. B. MEGONEGAL,
No. 206 Race street, opposite Franklin Square.

References will be given to Accountants and Merchants of the first standing. july 9—tf

JOHN MONELL TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues the above business at his old established stand, No. 20 South Third street, where he will be happy to furnish all articles in his line on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Six or eight Pantaloon and Vest makers wanted as above. june 6—tf

NEXT SATURDAY

WILL be the 14th of November.—On that day Messrs. Yates and M'Intyre, have announced that they will draw the Union Canal Lottery. Some one must be fortunate; the prize of thirty thousand dollars is one of such magnitude as to create a considerable demand for tickets. Those who know Sylvester's usual success, anticipate that he will sell the Capital. His office is at No. 30½ south Third street, next door (near Market street) to Mr. Wilson's Boot store. A particular description is given to prevent mistakes, which do occur from the fact of there being many offices in the immediate neighborhood. SYLVESTER,
No 30½ South Third street.

It will be remembered that a gentleman in Southwark bought from Sylvester the $25,000, and a Stationer in Market street, $24,000. nov. 10—3t

ENGLISH MEDICAL BOOKS.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Fourth and Chesnut street,

Lisanoe on the Chest, 2d edition.
Bateman on Cutaneous Diseases, new edition.
Brande's Manual of Pharmacy.
Wallace on Medical Education.
Salmon on Stricture of the Rectum.
Morrison's Cases of Medical Disease.
Moins on Indigestion.
Dendy on Cutaneous Diseases.
Howship on the Intestines.
Do. on Surgery.
Pring's Pathology.
Stephens on Hernia. nov. 10—3t

$30,000 FOR $10.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY, Class No. 13, for 1829, will be drawn on Saturday next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. We expect, as usual, to sell some of the following Capitals:—$30,000, 15,000, 10,000, 4,000, &c.

The public is respectfully requested to examine the scheme, the most brilliant that has been offered for some time, and to be early in securing tickets. We have at present, a very good assortment of whole, halves, quarters and Eighths, all signed by the Managers, which we will sell at the lowest cash prices.

Orders from our friends in the country, will be thankfully received.—It will be remembered, that in the last class, we sold the capital prize in a whole ticket, to a gentleman residing in the country.

E. F. WATTSON & CO.
N. W. corner Third and Chesnut streets.

Full schemes of the Lottery may be had at the Office. nov. 10—4t

WILLIAM D. GONTER'S No. 164 South Fourth Street.

☞ 30,000 DOLLARS. ☜

UNION CANAL LOTTERY of Pennsylvania, Class No. 13, for 1829.—Drawn in this City on Saturday, the 14th of November, 1829.—60 number Lottery.—9 drawn ballots.—Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.

1 Prize of	$30,000	10 Prizes of	$500
1	15,000	10	300
1	10,000	10	200
1	5000	10	200
1	4010	29	200
10	1000	51	100
	273,500 DOLLARS.		

Tickets, $10 | Quarters, $2 50
Halves, 5 | Eighths, 1 25

For sale in a great variety at our office, where two Capital Prizes have been sold within one month, to gentlemen of this city.

WM. D. GONTER, No. 164 South Fourth street.

P. S.—Most kinds of uncurrent money taken at par for tickets, or exchanged on the most accommodating terms.

☞ Orders from the country, or elsewhere, punctually attended to. Address as above. nov. 3—dtf

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS'

LOTTERY and Exchange Office, No. 73 South Third street, first house below Dock. The following is the most splendid lottery that has been offered to the public for a considerable length of time.—Union Canal Lottery, Class No. 13, for 1829, will be drawn in this city, on Saturday, the 14th of November, 1829.

Whole tickets $10; halves 5; quarters 2 50, eighths 1 25.

Persons at a distance from this city, can be accommodated with whole tickets, halves, quarters or eighths, all signed by the Managers, by addressing their letters to A. M. NUTT,
oct. 31—tf No. 73 S. Third street, Philad.

THE GENTLEMAN'S ANNUAL
POCKET REMEMBRANCER,

FOR the year 1830, just published and for sale by J. GRIGG,
No. 9 North Fourth street.

Also, a general assortment of the American and English Annuals for sale as above. nov. 9—4t

NOTICE.

To Pawnbrokers, Jewellers, &c.

WAS taken from the drawer of Mr. George Beatty, while living at No. 40 South Wharves, a part or parts of Masonic Jewels, namely; a pair of compasses with the sun between the points, the other the sun only, marked with the number of the lodge on the side of the compass, which is No 59. All others are requested to stop the same if offered for sale, or any other purpose, and direct to the subscriber, No. 253 South Fifth street, who will handsomely reward them.

nov. 10—3t GEORGE BEATTY.

A WET NURSE WANTED.

A MIDDLE aged woman, with a fresh breast of milk, who can give unquestionable references as to character, will hear of a place by applying at this office. nov. 5—1w

THE TALISMAN FOR 1830.

JUST received and for sale by E. L. CAREY & A. HART, corner of Fourth and Chesnut streets, The Talisman for the year 1830, superbly bound in embossed leather, with 12 highly finished engravings on steel. nov. 9—tf

BLANK BOOKS.

FOR sale by THOMAS T. ASH, 139 Chesnut street, a general assortment of Ledgers, Journals, Letter Books, Day Books, Account Currents, Sales Books, Cash Books, &c. &c.

Also, Patent Checks, Notes, Drafts and Bills of Exchange. Merchants supplied with the above articles, on the most reasonable terms. nov. 11—tf

U. S. & CITY ESTABLISHMENT.
OLD STAND
No. 90 Cherry street, two doors below Sixth street,
AS G. RICHARDS

RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to "THE LADIES" of this and other cities throughout the Union, for past favors, and is happy to acknowledge the particular and flattering notice taken of his SUPERIOR MANNER of WASHING and DRESSING of CASHMERE, MERINO and CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS, SILK, SATINS, &c. &c. WARRANTING the COLOURS NOT TO FADE, and LOOKING EQUAL TO NEW.

N. B. A. G. R. with pleasure informs his friends and the public, that he has received from Europe, by a late arrival at New York, a fresh supply of materials for setting colors, superior to any he has ever used, which will, of course, enable him to give still work a greater degree of elegance.

THREAD and SILK LACE washed and mended, as usual. april 7—1y

Philadelphia Suspender Manufactory,
No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have removed from No. 26 to No. 6 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, 2d door below Market street, where they manufacture and have constantly on hand, a great variety of silk, worsted and cotton Suspenders, including a general assortment of A. L. VANHORNE'S improved and Patented spring roller Suspenders, with Springs attached to the Rollers in front, making them, in point of ease and durability, far superior to the Roller Suspenders formerly used.

Also, a general assortment of silk, hair and patent leather stocks, Russian belts, Vest springs, Cravat stiffners, &c. all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, Wholesale and Retail.

VANHORN & PIMM.

N. B. On hand, and for sale at very reduced prices, an assortment of superior pocket books. oct. 15—tf

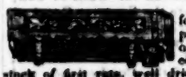
REMOVAL.
G. W. WATSON,
COACH AND HARNESS MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from No. 40 Prune street to the establishment built expressly for Coach Making, at the junction of York and Laurel streets, Philadelphia, immediately in the vicinity and nearly opposite the Mansion House Hotel; where, from its being central, and on a more enlarged and convenient plan for business than the place formerly occupied by him, he hopes, by unremitting exertions, to receive a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed.

Orders intrusted to his care shall receive his best attention as to taste, excellence of materials and workmanship, and will be executed with the strictest punctuality and dispatch. N. B. Particular attention paid to repairs. FOR SALE,

One new gig, silver mounted, three second-hand do. two second hand dearborns, one second-hand coachee. aug. 10—dtf

BEDDING WAREHOUSE,
AND VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY,
No. 108 WALNUT, between 4th and 5th streets.
MOSS & WALTON



RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have now on hand, and they intend constantly to keep a good stock of first rate, well dried SOUTHERN FEATHERS, for Beds, and the best CURLED HAIR, for Mattresses.

Also, the first quality ENGLISH and DOMESTIC TICKING.

M. & W. beg to assure those who may favor them with their orders, that they may rely upon having every article in the above line, of the best materials and workmanship, *AT THE LOWEST PRICES.*

VENITIAN BLINDS, with new and ornamental fronts, painted in green and fancy colors, warranted of the best materials, at reduced prices.

N. B. WINDOW CURTAINS and BED FURNITURES made up and fixed according to designs of the latest London and Parisian Fashions.

CARPETS and FLOOR MATTING neatly fitted. jan. 1—tf

W. BURTON'S
BOTTLED PORTER, ALE AND CIDER STORE,
S. W. Corner of Chesnut and Second streets,

where the above articles, of very best quality, are constantly kept for Exportation or Home Consumption.

Also, his IMPERIAL, which is so highly approved of, being a very pleasant and wholesome beverage. oct. 17—tf

NEW MARKET HAT MANUFACTORY,
No. 242 South Second street.

BENJAMIN PINE respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general, that he still continues the above business, in all its various branches, at No. 242 South Second street, opposite the New Market, where he hopes to meet with a share of the public patronage.

Elegant long-napped WATER-PROOF HATS, for $5, all warranted water proof.

N. B. Hats of every shape or quality made to order, at the shortest notice.

A constant supply of WOOL HATS kept on hand, which will be sold at reduced prices. may 14—tf

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL B. GLOVER respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his HAT MANUFACTORY from No. 134 Market, to No. 77 SOUTH THIRD STREET, between Market and Chesnut streets, where he offers for sale a general assortment of HATS, consisting of BEAVER, BEAVERETT, CASTOR, IMITATION BEAVER, and RORAM HATS.

Also, Youths, Children's and Fancy Hats, made of the best materials, and in the most fashionable style; all of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms wholesale and retail, for cash or acceptances.

A good supply of READING WOOL HATS constantly on hand. N. B. All orders faithfully and promptly attended to. oct. 31—2w

CHARLES & J. H. BULKLEY,
HAT MANUFACTURERS.

☞ OLD STAND, 61 South Third street, opposite Girard's Bank.

☞ NEW STORE, 149 Chesnut street, one door East of the United States Hotel, and opposite the United States Bank. aug. 12—tf

COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

MERCHANTS from the Western and Southern States, purchasing their fall assortments, can supply themselves by calling at No. 4 North Second street, with a new and splendid style of CARVED and PICTURED TORTOISE SHELL COMBS, of which the subscriber is the only manufacturer in the United States. This style of Comb is becoming very fashionable, both in New York and in this city, and far surpasses, in design and finish, any thing of the kind ever yet produced.

Also, as above, every other variety and size of Tortoise Shell and Brazilian Combs, by the dozen, on the most accommodating terms.

sept. 9—tf M. S. LITTLEBOY.

FOR SALE
CHEAP,

A FIRST rate plated Gig, made to order; it can be seen at Amos Howell's, corner of Eighth and Arch streets. For particulars, apply at No. 37 Market street. may 1—tf

AGAIN.

8 31 44,	a prize of	$400
8 31 54,		240
8 34 51,		110
8 29 46,		100

The above fortunate capital prizes were sold at Saturday last, and paid this morning at the Farmers' and Mechanics' Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 73 South Third street, one door below Dock street.

A. M. NUTT.

N. B. The Union drawn on Saturday next—capital prize $30,000. nov. 9—tf

To Country Merchants and Others.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and offers for sale,

100 boxes Malaga citrons,
8 bales soft shelled almonds,
200 baskets ground nuts, 15 bags filberts,
20 barrels cream nuts, 57 drums figs,
25 boxes rock candy, 10 cases stamped linseys,
10 casks currants, 4 cases citrons,
2000 fresh cocoa nuts,
5 cases prem'd Canton ginger,
50 mats fresh cinnamon,
20,000 first quality Spanish segars,
20 baskets superior salad oil.

Also, olives, capers, anchovies, cordials, true bitters, oranges, lemons, and a few jars Katabo grapes, sweet chestnuts, &c. with a large and general assortment of CONFECTIONARY, warranted to carry any distance.—For sale by MICHAEL TRACY,

At his new Confectionery and Fruit Store, No. 227 Market street, between Seventh and Eighth, opposite Van Buskirk's Hotel. oct. 8—tf

British and French Goods.

ELEGANT England Prints.
4 Dark do. do.
8-4 Chintz Shawls.
No. 9 Watered Bell Ribbon.
Sup. Blue-Black Satins.
Men's and Women's Ilookin Gloves.
do. sup. Beaver's do.
5, 6 and 7 4 Mesino Cloths.
White Paris and Black Italian Crape.
Linen Cambrics and Cambric Hdkfs.
Plain Colored Gros de Naple,
do. do. Gros de Rhine.
Sup. rich Victorines, new article for Ladies' Evening Dresses.
Bere Satins, Double Chain, first quality.
Grenadine Scarfs.
White Satin Bordered Silk Barage Hdkfs.
White Silk Cashmere Long Shawls.
Do. do. 4-4 do.
Do. do. 5-4 do.
An elegant assortment of French Embroidery.

Also, Drab, Blue, Olive and Dark Mixed Assortment Manufactured Cloths, most of which will be sold low, in close consignments, by JOHNSON & CLARK,
sept. 16—tf No. 14 South Front street.

New and Cheap Grocery Establishment.
NO. 15 NORTH SECOND STREET.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has re-commenced the GROCERY business, WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at the new store, No. 15 North Second street, corner of Jones' Alley—where he has on hand and offers for sale a general assortment of articles in the above line, consisting of young hyson, imperial and gunpowder teas, of the very first quality; powlsong and souchong do.; Mocha coffee, green and white Laguira do., with a general assortment of other coffees; brown sugar; Lex Canby and Lea's clarified lump and loaf sugar, refined without blood; nutmegs, mace, cloves, cinnamon, pimento, pepper and allspice; Lea's Worcester, with candy, olives and summer oil, sweet oil, in bottles and flasks; fig cordial; Malaga very superior old Havana segars; Spanish olives in jars; Muscatel and bloom raisins, in boxes, half boxes and kegs; soft shelled almonds; cognac brandy, 1st and 4th proof; Armagnac do.; Champagne do.; Holland gin, of a very superior quality; Jamaica spirits, 1st and 4th proof; New England do., apple and rye whiskey; pure Monongahela do.; Madeira, Sherry, Port, Teneriffe and Lisbon wines; Champaigne do., in bottles; sweet Malaga do.; all kinds of cordials—with a variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. nov. 6—tf JOSEPH RICHARDS.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C.

NORTH & WARRIN, Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Chemists, No. 17 Franklin Place, near the Post Office, have constantly for sale a large and fresh assortment of DRUGS, FAMILY MEDICINES, PAINTS, and FANCY ARTICLES, of their own manufacture, among which are the following, viz—

600 boxes Pittsburgh Window Glass, of various sizes, (Johnston's brand,)
200 gross long Vials Corks,
200 lb Brazil Wood, (inner)
700 lb. Gum Olibanum,
1500 lb. English Copperas,
Castor Oil,
Colombo,
Gum Myrrh,
Gum Guaiacum,
Alcohol in barrels,
Balsam Capaiva,
Red Saturn,
Oil Vitriol,
Jalap Pulv.
Rhubarb do.
Cassia in matts,
Barks,
Magnesia,
Refined Camphor,
Fish Sounders, superior,
Lavender Water, (warranted equal to the imported,)
Indian Ink, in square boxes.

Orders for the Western Country, and for Shipping, executed upon liberal terms, at reduced prices.

Chemical Tests, and every article connected with the Drug Business, as also all the late Pharmaceuticals, prepared to order at the shortest notice, and warranted of the best quality. sept. 28—dtf

SUMATRA PEPPER.

20 CASES SUPERIOR GUM COPAL.
100 KEGS REFINED SALT PETRE, (100 lbs. each.)
100 BARRELS ALUM.
20 do. BLUE VITRIOL.
10 do. CAYENNE CLOVES.
60 hhds. ENGLISH PARIS WHITE, very superior.
20 do. CAYENNE COCOA.
100 BAGS COLUMBO ROOT.
LAGUIRA COFFEE.
TORTOISE SHELL. For sale by
HACKER, BROWN & CO.
oct. 27—tf No. 56 South Front Street.

Naples Compound Shaving Cake.

THIS cake is intended for those only who are willing to purchase the "top of the market." It is higher priced than any other soap, and is of corresponding excellence. It is a preparation combining the properties of the far famed Naples soap, and the pure English curd soap, and has been rendered more easy and agreeable in use, and been made susceptible of a much higher grade of perfume, without endangering its remarkable qualities.

The Naples Soap is, without contradiction, superior to all others, and one which can be made in no other country than that from whence imported, and yet in itself is not as agreeable as it is valuable; but when prepared in the manner of the enclosed, is decidedly improved for use, and yields a lather close, full, rich, permanent, and retentive of its moisture; and is offered to the Beau Monde as a preparation superior to all others within the knowledge of the manufacturer. A supply of the above article is received and for sale by the subscriber, at No. 24 South Fourth street. ROBERT HILL.

sept. 12—tf

W. H. MOORE, UNDERTAKER,

No. 102 and 179 Arch street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the great preference which has been bestowed on him and his Warehouse. The subscriber also respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to keep a general assortment of COFFINS ALWAYS ON H